

CITY OF McKINNEY, TEXAS

Agenda

Planning & Zoning Commission Work Session

Tuesday, December 13, 2016

5:30 PM

Council Chambers 222 N. Tennessee Street McKinney, Texas 75069

PURSUANT TO TEXAS GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 551.002, A QUORUM OF THE CITY COUNCIL MAY BE PRESENT. NO CITY COUNCIL ACTION WILL BE TAKEN.

CALL TO ORDER

WORK SESSION ITEMS:

16-045M7 Planning and Zoning Commission Training Series

Attachments: Memo Topic 6

Presentation - Topic 6

DISCUSS REGULAR MEETING AGENDA ITEMS

ADJOURN

Posted in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Chapter 551, on the 9th day of December, 2016 at or before 5:00 p.m.

Sandy Hart, TRMC, MMC City Secretary

Accommodations and modifications for people with disabilities are available upon request. Requests should be made as far in advance as possible, but no less than 48 hours prior to the meeting. Call 972-547-2694 or email contact-adacompliance@mckinneytexas.org with questions or for accommodations.

16-045M7



TITLE: Planning and Zoning Commission Training Series

SUPPORTING MATERIALS:

Memo Topic 6 Presentation - Topic 6

MEMORANDUM



To: Planning and Zoning Commission

Through: Brian Lockley, AICP, Director of Planning

From: Samantha Pickett, Planning Manager

Date: December 13, 2016

Subject: P&Z Commission Training Series

Topic 6: The Development Process from A to Z

WHAT IS THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS?

The development process is a comprehensive term for the many stages of planning and construction, including (re)zoning, platting, site planning, permits and inspections, and involves the four departments of the Development Services Division – Planning, Engineering, Building Inspections, and Code Compliance. Citizens and the development community must go through some or all of these steps in order to successfully develop in the City of McKinney.

The first steps typically occur with the Planning Department, and follow a similar pattern for each project. The development process will generally include a predevelopment meeting, the initial submittal, Staff review, public meeting (as needed), and final action (approval or denial). This is then followed by civil plans review by the Engineering Department and building plans review by the Building Inspections Department, Fire Marshal's Office, and Code Compliance Department. Once permits have been issued and construction is under way, regular inspections occur until the project is ready to be issued a Certificate of Occupancy, or CO, deeming the project complete.

WHY HAVE A DEVELOPMENT PROCESS?

The development process is important because it provides a clear, formalized road map for developing property within the City of McKinney. This process allows both Staff and the applicant to see a clear path forward, knowing the steps along the way. Each Planning case type has a unique flowchart within the printed guidelines of the case types. These help the applicant to see a way forward when other factors, such as Planned Development Zoning Ordinance requirements or variances, affect the "standard" process.

WHAT IS THE TYPICAL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS?

1) Predevelopment Meeting: The Planning, Engineering, Building Inspections and several other departments (including Fire and Parks) meet in person the potential

- applicant to discuss their project. Staff provides feedback based on the Ordinances to be incorporated prior to a formal submittal.
- 2) Initial Submittal: New cases are formally submitted to the Planning Department, and assigned to a Development Review Planner. This planner becomes the case manager, acting as a liaison between the applicant and other Development Services departments.
- 3) Staff Review: Planning, Engineering, and Building Inspections, as well as a representative from the Fire Marshal's Office and Parks Department come together for a Development Review Committee meeting to discuss the new cases and any potential issues. The planner assigned to the case will then collect all comments from the various departments and send them to the applicant. The submittal/review process is repeated until there are no outstanding comments.
- 4) Public Meeting and/or Hearing: When the Zoning Ordinance or Texas Local Government Code requires review beyond the Staff level, the planner will schedule the case for an upcoming Planning and Zoning Commission meeting or City Council agenda. Certain case types, including replats, (re)zonings, site plans with variances, and façade plan appeals require a public hearing as well.
- 5) Final Case Action: After the case has been heard by the appropriate body, the case is voted on by the Board or Commission for approval or denial. Occasionally the case is tabled in order for Staff and the applicant to work through certain details, or to meet with the public. Some cases acted on by the Planning and Zoning Commission (such as site plans and façade plans) can be appealed to City Council; however, an approval allows the applicant to move forward in the development process towards permitting and construction.
- 6) Civil and Building Plans Review: The applicant may wait until the Planning case has been approved, or may submit civil and building plans at the same time as the Planning case for review by various other departments within and outside of the Development Services division.
- 7) Permit Issuance: Once the proper approvals have been granted, and any applicable fees paid, permits can be issued. Permit types include grading, ground work, and full building permit, which allows construction to go vertical.
- 8) Inspections: Throughout the construction process, Inspectors are constantly on site to check the progress of the development. Once construction is complete, the applicant will request a Certificate of Occupancy, or CO, which allows them to occupy the building and open their business.

THE COMMISSION'S ROLE IN THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

The Planning and Zoning Commission plays a vital role in the development process. The Commission acts as both a recommending and decision-making body for the

various Planning cases that are submitted, including (re)zonings, site plans, plats, façade plans, and more. The authority granted to the Commission varies based on the case type and the authority granted by City Council, which has been covered in detail in the previous training sessions.

P&Z Commission Training Series

Topic 6: Development Process
A to Z
December 13, 2016



Commission Training Series

Topics and Progress

- ☑ Comprehensive Planning and Its Influence on Development
- ★ The McKinney Zoning Ordinance Part 1 (The Basics)
- The McKinney Zoning Ordinance Part 2 (Special Districts)
- Site Planning and Architectural Standards in McKinney
- ☐ The McKinney Development Process from A to Z

The Development Process

Governing Legislation

Governed by and applied through Chapter 211 of the Texas Local Government Code.

Chapter 211 of the Texas Local Government Code states:

"The powers granted under this subchapter are for the purpose of promoting the public health, safety, morals, or general welfare..."

Chapter 146 of the McKinney Code of Ordinances (Zoning Ordinance) states:

"It is the purpose of this chapter [to act] ... in accordance with the comprehensive urban plan for the city."

The Development Process

What?

- A comprehensive term for the many stages of planning and construction leading to the development of a site
- Typically involves (re)zoning, platting, site planning, civil and building plan review, permitting, and inspections

Who?

- The Development Services Division, comprised of Building Inspections, Code Compliance, Engineering, and Planning
- Also involves the Fire Marshal's Office and the Parks and Recreation Department

Why?

Provides a clear, formalized road map for developing property within the City

Applicant submits layout and requests a meeting

Predevelopment Meeting:

Development Services meets with the Applicant







Staff does a preliminary review and prepares notes

Applicant submits layout and requests a meeting

Predevelopment
Meeting:
Development
Services meets

with the Applicant



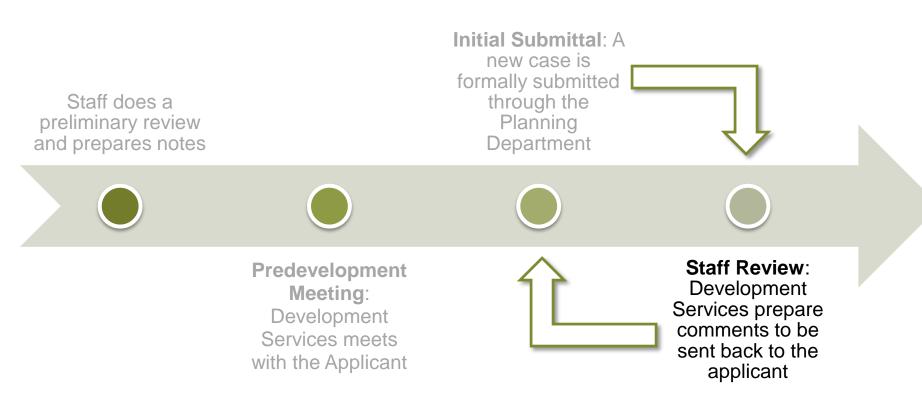






Staff does a preliminary review and prepares notes

Initial Submittal: A new case is formally submitted through the Planning Department



Predevelopment Meeting: Development Services meets with the Applicant



Staff Review:

Development Services prepare comments to be sent back to the applicant









Initial Submittal: A new case is formally submitted through the Planning

Department



Public Meeting and/or Hearing: When required, the case is scheduled for the appropriate meeting

Predevelopment Meeting:

Development Services meets with the Applicant



Staff Review:

Development
Services prepare
comments to be
sent back to the
applicant

Final Case Action:

Depending on the approval body, Staff or the appropriate board will approve or deny the case











Initial Submittal:

A new case is formally submitted through the Planning Department



Public Meeting and/or Hearing:

When required, the case is scheduled for the appropriate meeting

The Development Process: Final Stretch

Plans Review: Civil and Building Plans are reviewed by Engineering and Building Inspections

Inspections:

Throughout construction, the site is inspected to ensure conformance with development plans









Permit Issuance:

With approved site plan, plat, façade plans, civil and building plans, the applicant can pull permits

Certificate of
Occupancy: Once
construction is
complete and all
requirements met, a
CO is issued for the
building/business

The Development Process: The Commission's Role

Where does the Commission come in?

- Recommending body
 - o (Re)zonings
 - Annexations
 - Specific Use Permits
- Approval body
 - Plats
 - Site plans with variances
 - Façade plan appeals

The Planning and Zoning Commission plays a vital role in the development process, helping to shape development in the City of McKinney.

The Development Process

The ultimate goal of the development process is to provide clear direction for citizens and the development community, as well as City Staff, to follow in order to develop in the City of McKinney.

Questions?

