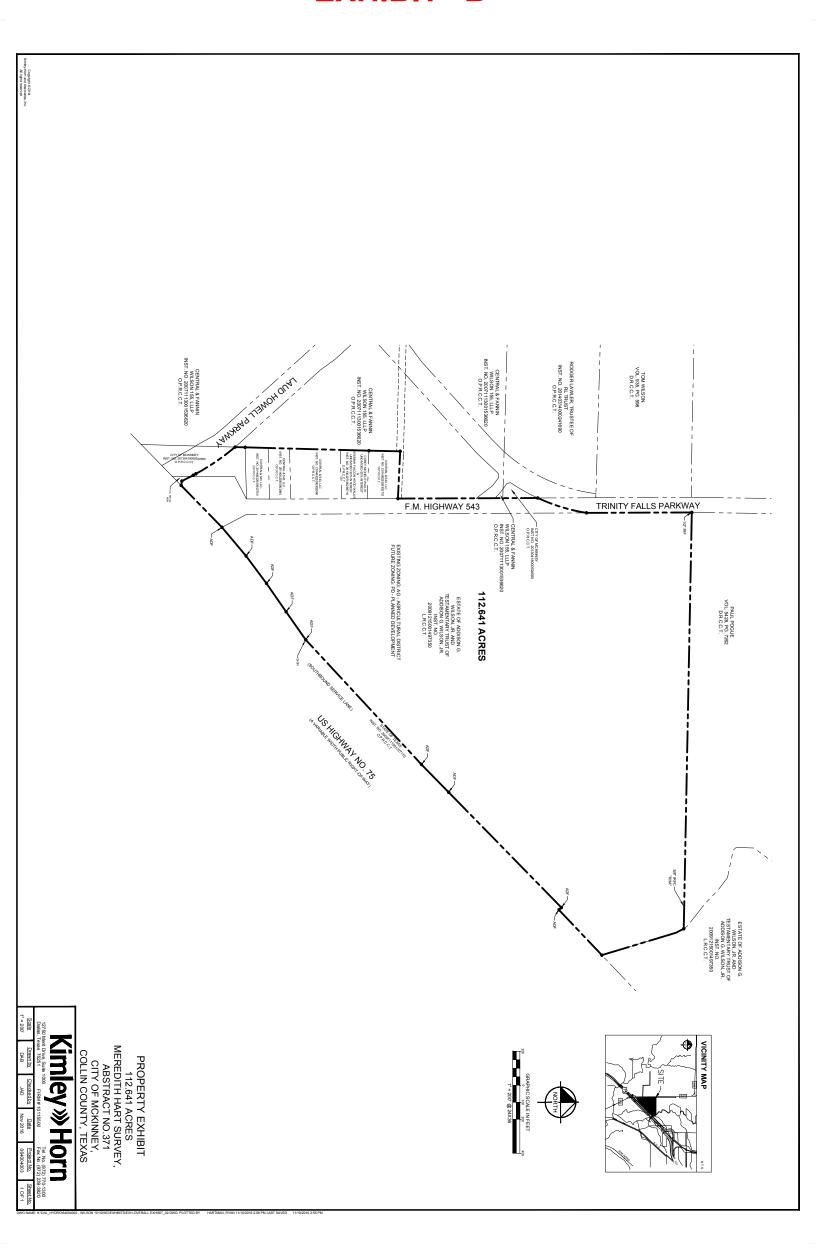


DISCLAIMER: This map and information contained in it were developed exclusively for use by the City of McKinney. Any use or reliance on this map by anyone else is at that party's risk and without liability to the City of McKinney, its officials or employees for any discrepancies, errors, or variances which may exist.





LEGAL DESCRIPTION

112.64 ACRES

BEING a tract of land out of the MEREDITH HART SURVEY, Abstract No. 371 in Collin County, Texas, being part of a 103.07 acre tract of land described in Partition Deed to Estate of Addison G. Wilson, Jr., and testamentary trust of Addison G. Wilson, Jr., recorded in Instrument No. 20091215001497350 of the Official Public Records, of Collin County, Texas, being all of the tracts of land described in deed to Central & 543, LLC recorded in Instrument No. 20140822000902710, 20140822000902990, 20140822000902980, 20140822000902750 of the Official Public Records, of Collin County, Texas, being all of the tract of land described in deed to Corey Michael Wallis, etal recorded in Instrument No. 20130227000265710 of the Official Public Records, of Collin County, Texas, being part of FM Highway 543, being part of the tract of land described in deed to the City of McKinney Instrument No. 20130418000524560 of the Official Public Records, of Collin County, Texas and being more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at a 1/2" iron rod found in the east right-of-way line of F.M. 543 (90' ROW) for the northwest corner of said 103.07 acre tract and the southwest corner of a 84.231 acre tract of land described in deed to Paul Pogue recorded in Volume 5428, Page 7262 of the Land Records of Collin County, Texas;

THENCE with the south line of said 84.231 acre tract and along a fence, South 88°53'31" East, passing at a distance of 2311.99 feet a 5/8-inch iron rod with plastic cap stamped "KHA" found in said south line for reference, and continuing a total distance of 2449.22 feet to a point in the center East Fork of the Trinity River for corner;

THENCE along the center of said East Fork of the Trinity River, the following courses and distances to wit:

South 27°20'53" East, a distance of 51.27 feet to a point for corner;

South 16°48'13" East, a distance of 455.52 feet to a point for corner northwest right-of-way line of U.S.

Highway 75 (variable width ROW);

THENCE with said northwest right-of-way line, South 46°29'40" West, a distance of 366.63 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found of the east corner of a 2.7531 acre tract of land, described in Deed to the State of Texas, recorded in Instrument No. 20091111001377170, Official Public Records, Collin County, Texas;

THENCE with the north line of said 2.7531 acre tract, and said northwest right-of-way line, the following courses and distances, to wit:

North 44°21'53" West, a distance of 20.03 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found:

South 45°38'10" West, a distance of 948.74 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found:

South 45°38'10" West, a distance of 228.56 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found;

South 47°07'33" West, a distance of 1000.06 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found:

South 55°01'35" West, a distance of 202.24 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found:

South 55°18'23" West, a distance of 202.39 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found;

South 53°20'18" West, a distance of 201.43 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found:

South 49°55'46" West, a distance of 219.81 feet to an aluminum TXDOT monument found for corner;

South 45°44'56" West, a distance of 343.76 feet to a point for corner;

THENCE departing said north line and said northwest right-of-way line and with said east right-of-way line, the following courses and distances, to wit:

North 81°14'14" West, a distance of 26.34 feet to a point for corner;

North 26°58'46" West, a distance of 75.18 feet to a point for corner;

North 28°30'32" West, a distance of 17.76 feet to a point at the beginning of a tangent curve to the left having a central angle of 11°42'54", a radius of 1365.00 feet, a chord bearing and distance of North 34°21'59" West, 278.61 feet;

In a northwesterly direction, with said curve to the left, an arc distance of 279.10 feet to a point for corner;

North 1°31'56" East, a distance of 59.63 feet to a point for corner;

North 1°31'56" East, a distance of 728.66 feet to a point for corner;

North 1°14'13" East, a distance of 183.52 feet to a point for corner;

South 87°15'17" East, a distance of 278.20 feet to a point for corner to a point in the west right-of-way line of said FM Highway 543;

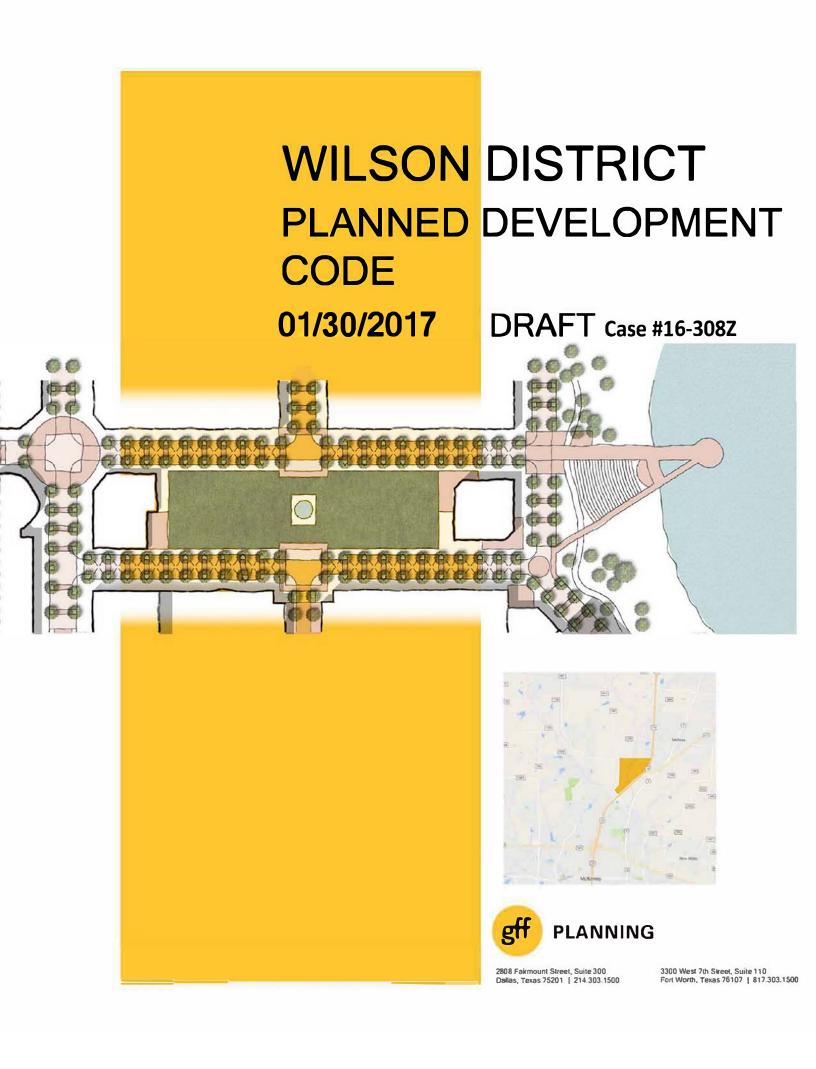
THENCE with said west right-of-way line, the following courses and distances to wit:

North 0°13'45" West, a distance of 822.61 feet to a point in the east right-of-way line of
Trinity Falls Parkway for the beginning of a non-tangent curve to the left having a central
angle of 15°31'32", a radius of 1110.00 feet, a chord bearing and distance of North
16°59'29" East, 299.86 feet;

THENCE with said east right-of-way line, the following courses and distances to wit: In a northeasterly direction, with said curve to the left, an arc distance of 300.78 feet to a point for corner:

North $0^{\circ}15'10''$ West, a distance of 619.31 feet to the **POINT OF BEGINNING** and containing 112.64 acres of land.

Bearing system of this survey is based on a line oriented between City of McKinney monuments 25 and 26 found in the field, whose positions are published on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System of 1983, North Central Zone 4202 (North American Datum of 1983). The horizontal coordinates of this survey are local surface coordinates derived from McKinney monument 26 utilizing a combined scale factor of 0.999856823.



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Table of Contents

Section 1. Purpose and Intent

Section 2. Components of the Code

Section 3. Administration

Section 4. Definitions

Section 5. Regulating Plan

Section 6. Schedule of Permitted Uses

Section 7. Building Form and Development Standards

Section 8. Building Design Standards

Section 9. Street Type & Streetscape Design Standards

Section 10. Civic Space Standards

Appendix A: Regulating Plan

Appendix B: Planting List

Appendix C: Root Barrier Design

EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Section 1. Purpose and Intent:

The purpose of the Wilson Property Planned Development Code (Wilson Code) is to create a walkable urban neighborhood where a high density and diverse mix of uses promote less dependence on the automobile. Access to shopping, employment, housing and both community and regional retail promotes a greater quality of life than traditional suburban-styled developments. The Wilson Code is adopted to protect and promote the public health, safety, comfort, convenience, prosperity and general welfare of the immediate community, as well as to assist in the orderly and controlled growth and development of the land area described within this document, called the Wilson District.

It is the intent of the Wilson Code to establish an efficient, effective and equitable regulatory and procedural code relating to the use of land and development within the land area described within the Wilson District.

- 1.1 Economic Development The Wilson District and corresponding standards are created to support economic development, sustainable tax base, and job creation by establishing adjacency predictability of private development that supports and leverages investment in and around the District.
- 1.2 Implement the Design Goals of the Regulating Plan The objective of the Wilson District is to foster a regional employment center with regional retail and residential uses within the confines of a neighborhood and within convenient walking distance.
- 1.3 Establish Specific Development Standards The Wilson Code implements the vision for regional employment and neighborhood mixed use as established in the City Comprehensive Plan and Wilson District Regulating Plan, hereafter known as the Regulating Plan (Appendix A). The Regulating Plan shall provide guidance to property owners, developers, and the City on the form, character, and intensity of future development in the Wilson District. Creation of different Sub-Districts within the Wilson District enables specific site and locational standards to be enumerated and applied. Clear graphic standards are provided for location, height, and building elements. Such standards promote sustainability, public welfare, walkable mixed use development, open space, housing variety, and transportation options.

Section 2. Components of the Code:

- 2.1 The Wilson Code shall apply to the Wilson District unless otherwise specified in this Code. Development of property within the Wilson District shall comply with the respective development standards set forth in the Wilson Code. The components of this Wilson District consist of:
 - 2.1.1 Wilson District Regulating Plan: The Wilson District Regulating Plan, hereafter known as the "Regulating Plan", is its official zoning map. It identifies the applicable standards within the Wilson District including:
 - i. Sub-Districts The Wilson District is divided into different "Sub-Districts". A Sub-District creates a distinct urban form which is different from urban forms in other Sub-Districts. Each Sub-District shall establish use and development standards including height, bulk, building and parking location, and functional design. The Regulating Plan classifies all lots within the Wilson District into one of four (4) Sub-Districts.
 - ii. Street Types The Street Types illustrate the design, configurations and development context for all streets within the Wilson District. The Street Classification addresses



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

vehicular lane widths, number of lanes, pedestrian accommodation, street tree requirements, on-street parking, and parkway and median standards (streetscape standards). Street types on the Regulating Plan include Type 'A' and Type 'B' Streets. The Street Network specifies the future streets needed to implement the Wilson Regulating Plan, and shall be required and shall generally meet the locational and connectivity goals of the Regulating Plan. Their design shall be guided by the Street Type Specifications. Other than cross-sectional elements defined in the plan, all streets shall be designed in accordance with City of McKinney design standards.

- iii. Civic/Open Space Designations The Civic/Open Space areas shown on the Regulating Plan designate the locations of proposed Civic/Open Spaces (including parks, plazas, greens, and squares). All Civic/Open Spaces depicted in the Regulatory Plan are mandatory.
- 2.1.2 Development Standards: The Wilson Code (the text portion of this Code) enumerates the development standards with text and graphics for Sub-Districts, building form, civic/open space, landscape, architectural, and all related standards for all streets, public and private development. Regulations not specified within this code shall follow Chapter 146, Zoning Ordinance of the City of McKinney, and as amended.

Section 3. Administration

3.4 Using this Code:

The following basic steps should be followed to determine the uses and development standards applicable to all properties within the Wilson District:

- 3.4.1 Locate the subject property on the Regulating Plan.
- 3.4.2 Identify:
 - i. the Sub-District in which the property is located;
 - ii. the Street Type designation along all its street frontages; and,
 - iii. any Ground Floor Activated Uses that may be applicable to the subject property.
- 3.4.3 Review the Schedule of Uses by Sub-District as listed in Table 6.1 to determine allowed uses.
- 3.4.4 Examine the corresponding zone standards in the Building Form and Development Standards in Section 7 to determine the applicable development standards.
- 3.4.5 Refer to Section 8 for Building Design Standards.
- 3.4.6 Refer to Section 9 for Street Type and Streetscape Design Standards.

The information from the above listed steps explains where the building will sit on the lot, the limits on its three dimensional form, the range of uses, and the palette of materials that will cover it.

- 3.5 Major Modifications: A request for a modification to any of the standards of the Wilson Code other than the minor modifications permitted under Sections 3.6 shall be reviewed and processed as a major modification. Modifications to engineering plans and plats shall not be reviewed and processed as major modifications.
 - 3.5.1 Major modifications are intended to allow applicants development flexibility to address specific market opportunities and/or contexts. An application for a major modification shall be processed as an amendment to the zoning ordinance and shall be forwarded to the Planning and Zoning Commission for recommendation and to the City Council for action. The Director of Planning or designee shall review, make recommendations on any major modifications, and shall forward all applications to the Planning and Zoning Commission.
- 3.6 Minor Modifications to the Wilson Code:



EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

The Director of Planning or designee shall have the authority to approve a request for minor modifications to Wilson Code that:

- 3.6.1 Does not allow a use not otherwise authorized in this Code;
- 3.6.2 Does not allow greater height of any building or reduction of any parking requirement established in this Code

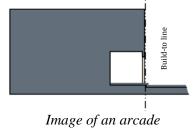
Table 3.1 Minor Modification Thresholds

| | Table 3.1 Williof Wiodiffcation Thresho | 145 |
|---|--|---|
| Standard | Minor Modification Threshold | Comments |
| Area/boundary of Sub-District | No more than a 20% change (increase or decrease) | Shall not eliminate any Sub- District |
| (including any Mandatory | in the area of any Sub-District, within the Wilson | • 20% measurement shall be based on |
| Civic/Open Spaces) | District (aggregate or per block). * | the total area of that specific Sub- |
| | | District within the entire Wilson |
| | *Based on current District boundary | District |
| Location of any street depicted on | Location shall not move more than 150' in any | Shall maintain the connectivity |
| the Regulating Plan | direction. | intended by the Regulating Plan |
| Building Form and Development Stand | lards | |
| Build to zones/setbacks | No more than a 20% change in the maximum or | |
| | minimum build to zone or setback. | |
| Building Frontage | No more than a 15% reduction in the required | |
| | building frontage along each block of a Type 'A' | |
| | Street | |
| Street Cross Sections | Cross sections of new streets may be adjusted with | • Any changes in the street cross |
| | respect to number of lanes, lane widths (while still | sections shall be based on specific |
| | maintaining the Fire Code minimums), on-street | development context as approved by |
| | parking configuration, pedestrian accommodation, | the City such as vegetation, natural |
| | and street tree planting | features, drainage, and fire access and |
| | | is subject to approval by the City. |
| Street Sections | No more than 5 feet in height | |

Section 4. Definitions

In addition to Definitions in Chapter 146 of the City of McKinney Zoning Ordinance, the following terms shall have the corresponding interpretations.

Arcade means a portion of the main façade of the building that is at or near the Build to Line and a colonnade supports the upper floors of the building. Arcades are intended for buildings with ground floor commercial or retail uses and the arcade may be one or two stories.



Attics means the unfinished space between the ceiling joists of the top story and the roof rafters.

Block means the aggregate of lots, pedestrian passages and rear alleys, circumscribed by streets.

Block Face means the linear dimension of a block along one of its street frontages.

Build-to-Line (BTL) means the line at which the principal building's front façade shall be built. The BTL is located at the end of the pedestrian easement (see street sections).

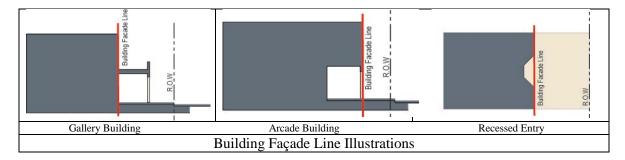


EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Build-to-Zone (BTZ) means the area, starting at the BTL, within which the principal building's front façade is to be built and where it is measured from. No portion of the façade may be located outside of the build-to zone.

Building Façade Line means the vertical plane along a lot where the building's front façade is actually located.



Building Form Standards means the standards established for each Sub-District that specify the height, bulk, orientation, and elements for all new construction and redevelopment.

Building Frontage means the minimum percentage of the building's front façade on the first floor that is required to be located at the front Build-to-Line or Zone as a proportion of the block frontage along that street. Parks, plazas, squares, improved forecourts, and pedestrian breezeway frontages shall be considered as buildings for the calculation of building frontage.

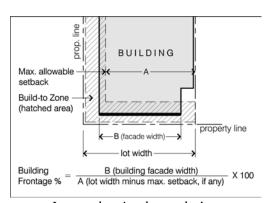


Image showing how a lot's building frontage is calculated

Civic/Open Space means publicly accessible open space in the form of parks, courtyards, forecourts, plazas, greens, pocket parks, playgrounds, etc. They may be privately or publicly owned. For all residential uses, privately accessible open spaces such as courtyards, porches, and balconies may also be considered as Civic/Open Space for the purposes of the Wilson Code.

Comprehensive Plan means the City of McKinney Comprehensive Plan that establishes the blueprint for the long-term growth and development of the City as adopted on the effective date of this Code.

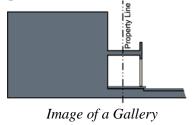
Director of Planning means the Director of Planning of the City of McKinney or his/her designee.

EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Encroachment means any structural or non-structural element such as a sign, awning, canopy, terrace, or balcony that breaks the plane of a vertical or horizontal regulatory limit, extending into a Setback, into the street easement, or above a height limit.

Gallery means an extension of the main façade of the building that is at or near the front property line and the gallery may overlap the public sidewalk.



Kiosk means a small, roofed structure, often open on one or more sides, used as a newsstand or booth. This structure may be temporary or permanent.

Live-Work Unit means a dwelling unit that is also used for work purposes, provided that the 'work' component is restricted to the uses of professional office, artist's workshop, studio, or other similar uses and is located on the street level and constructed as separate units under a condominium regime or as a single unit. The 'live' component may be located on the street level (behind the work component) or any other level of the building. Live-work unit is distinguished from a home occupation otherwise defined by the Wilson Code in that the work use is not required to be incidental to the dwelling unit, non-resident employees may be present on the premises, and customers may be served on site. Fire protection systems shall be required to the highest level of the overall hazard.

Living Screen means a Street Screen composed of landscaping in the form of vegetation. For permitted plants reference the City of McKinney Code of Ordinances Chapter 146 Appendix A.

Mezzanine means an intermediate level(s) between the floor and ceiling of any story within an aggregate floor area of not more than one-third of the area of the room or space in which the level(s) are located.

Minor Modification means any changes to the Wilson Code that meets the criteria established in Section 3.8 and Table 3.1.

Motor Court means an uncovered space selected specifically for office and hotel uses that is wholly or partly surrounded by buildings or walls and intended as a courtyard for vehicles as they approach a building, promoting a formal sense of arrival. Surface parking is permitted within this space and shall not include more than 75 spaces. Surface treatments of the vehicular zones are richer in character than traditional concrete surface parked lots, using a variety of textures and colors such as stamped or colored concrete. Individual motor courts shall be separated by intervening buildings. Notwithstanding, predesigned red fire lane pavers can be used as a replacement for paint to increase the level of aesthetics being sought.

Park means a civic/open space that is a preserve available for unstructured recreation.

EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Plaza means a primarily hardscaped civic/open space with formal landscaping, available for civic purposes and commercial activities. A plaza shall be spatially defined by buildings.

Playground means a civic/open space designed and equipped for children's recreation. A playground may be fenced and may include an open shelter. Playgrounds may be located within residential areas and may be placed within a block. They may be included in other civic/open spaces.

Pedestrian Easement means the area between the right-of-way line of the street and the back of sidewalk. This area contains the sidewalk, street trees, lighting and pedestrian furniture.

Regulating Plan means the Zoning Map attached hereto as Appendix A that shows the Sub-Districts, Civic Spaces, location of Streets, maximum height permitted and other Special Requirements applicable to the Wilson District subject to the standards in the Wilson Code. For the purposes of this Code, the Regulating Plan shall also be the Concept Plan for the Wilson District.

Retail-Ready means space constructed at a minimum interior height of 14 feet floor to floor which may be used for non-commercial uses and can be converted into retail/commercial use. Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for a retail/commercial use in a Retail-Ready space, the space must comply with all adopted international building, fire and locally adopted amendments for that use. In addition, the space must comply with all requirements for HVAC/Plumbing for both residential and commercial uses. The intent of Retail-Ready space is to provide the flexibility of occupying a space in accordance with market demand and allowing the use in such space to change to retail/commercial uses accordingly. 100% of all areas designated as Ground Floor Activated Uses shall be constructed to Retail Ready Standards.

Service Uses means a category for limited personal service establishments which offer a range of personal services that include, but are not limited to, clothing alterations, shoe repair, dry cleaners, laundry, health and beauty spas, tanning and nail salons, hair care, etc.

Street Screen means a freestanding wall or living screen (2' min, 4' max in height for Type "A" Streets; 2' min., 8' max in height for Type "B" Streets) for parking areas built along the BTZ or in line with the building façade line along the street for loading/service areas along the minimum shall be 6' in height; Its purpose is to mask a parking lot or a loading/service area from view or provide privacy to a side yard and/or strengthen the spatial definition of the public realm. It shall not obstruct fire hydrants, FDC, or fire access areas.



Image of a combination masonry and living street screen

Street Network means the network of streets for new and existing streets within the Wilson District as established in the Regulating Plan.



EXHIBIT "C"

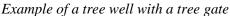
Wilson District Planned Development Code

Street Type means a specific designation for streets that establish a certain character and cross-sections to improve walkability within the Wilson District, with fire access being maintained.

Sub-District means an area within the Wilson District that creates a distinct urban form different from other areas within the Wilson District. Sub-Districts are identified in the Regulating Plan.

Tree Well means an unpaved area around the trunk of a tree within the sidewalk area that is either landscaped with ground cover or covered with a tree grate.







Example of a tree well with landscaping

Type 'A' Street means the streets identified as such on the Regulating Plan. Type 'A' Streets are the primary pedestrian streets.

Type 'B' Street means the streets identified as such on the Regulating Plan. Type 'B' Streets are intended to primarily accommodate access to parking, service, and other auto-related functions.

Section 5. The Regulating Plan

- 5.1 The Regulating Plan (Appendix A) is hereby adopted as the official zoning map for the Wilson District.
- 5.2 Sub-Districts Established the following Sub-Districts are established. The boundaries of the specific Sub-Districts shall be established in the Regulating Plan.
 - 5.2.1 Freeway Mixed Use: The Freeway Mixed Use Sub-District is intended to provide an appropriate transition into the Wilson District from the US-75 access road by integrating both high density development and more intimate ground floor activated uses. Development within the Freeway High Rise Sub-District shall meet the Building Form and Development Standards in Section 7.1 of this Code.
 - 5.2.2 Urban Residential: The Urban Residential Sub-District is the area adjacent to the Neighborhood Mixed Use Sub-District that is intended for mid intensity residential uses. Development within the Urban Residential Sub-District shall meet the Building Form and Development Standards in Section 7.2 of this Code.
 - 5.2.3 Neighborhood Mixed Use: The Neighborhood Mixed Use Sub-District promotes predominantly neighborhood and regional retail development. It is the area that best links large-sized retail and adjacent parking with both office and residential use. Development within the Inner Ring Mixed Use Sub-District shall meet the Building Form and Development Standards in Section 7.3 of this Code.
 - 5.2.4 Common Green: The Common Green Sub-District serves as both the public park space that brings various building uses together and as a public gathering space for residents, employees and visitors. The intent is that this space be a well programmed park that can serve multiple

EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

purposes for the community. Development within this Sub-District shall meet the Building Form and Development Standards in Section 7.4 of this Code.

- 5.3 Street Designations Street Type Established The Regulating Plan shall establish the following Street Designations:
 - 5.3.1 Type "A" Streets Established Type "A" Streets are intended to be the primary pedestrian streets. The Type "A" Streets are Main Street, Parkway and Residential Drive.
 - 5.3.2 Type "B" Streets Established Type "B" Streets are intended to balance pedestrian orientation with automobile orientation (service access, driveways, drive-through lanes, etc.). The Type "B" Streets are Retail Drive, Mews Drive "1", Mews Drive "2" and Service Drive.
- 5.4 Civic/Open Space The Regulating Plan indicates Mandatory Civic/Open Spaces. The specific standards for Civic/Open Space are established in Section 10.
- 5.5 Building Height The Regulating Plan also indicates the minimum building height permitted within each Sub-District of the Wilson District.

Section 6. Schedule of Permitted Uses

- 6.1 Generally: Due to the emphasis on urban form over land uses in the Wilson District, general use categories have been identified by Sub-District. Uses not listed in the following schedule, but are substantially similar, may be permitted upon the approval of the City Council.
- 6.2 Schedule of Uses:

Table 6.1 – Schedule of Uses

| | Sub-District | Urban Residential Mixed Use | Neighborhood Mixed Use | Common Green | Freeway Mixed Use |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Land Use | | | | | |
| Commercial Type, Retail, & Service Uses | | | | | |
| Bait shop | | | | | |
| Bakery or confectionery (retail) | | P | P | P | P |
| Bakeries (wholesale) | | | | | |
| Banks and financial institutions | | | P | | P |
| Barber or beauty shops | | P | P | | P |
| Building materials sales or monument sales | | | | | |
| Carpentry or sign shop | | | | | |
| Cleaning plant (laundry) | | | | | |
| Cleaning shop and pressing (small shop and pickup) | | P | P | | P |
| Department or discount store | | | P | | P |
| Drug-store or pharmacy | | | P | | P |
| Exterminator | | | | | |
| Farmers Market | | | P | P | |
| Florist or garden shop | | P | P | | P |
| Field Office or real estate sales office | | T | T | T | T |
| Food stores, groceries | | | P | | P |
| Frozen food lockers | | | | | |
| Funeral homes and mortuaries | | | | | |
| Furniture sales | | | P | | P |
| Greenhouse or plant nursery | | | P | | |
| Hardware store (paint, plumbing and related sales) | | | P | | |
| Heavy machinery sales and storage | | | | | |



Wilson District Planned Development Code

EXHIBIT "C"

January 30, 2017

| Sub-District | Urban Residential Mixed Use | Neighborhood Mixed Use | Common Green | Freeway Mixed Use |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Hotel or motel | | P | | P |
| Household appliance sales | | | | |
| Laboratories (medical, dental, science) | ъ | D | | |
| Live/Work Mimeograph or letter shop | P | P | | |
| Mobile home display and sales | | | | |
| Office building | | P | | P |
| Offices with showrooms | | P | | P |
| Office use | | P | | P |
| Office supplies | | P | | P |
| Paint and related sales | | - | | 1 |
| Pawnshops | | | | |
| Personal service | | P | | P |
| Pet store, kennel, animal boarding (no outside runs) | | P | | |
| Pet store, kennel, animal boarding (outside runs) | | | | |
| Psychic/paranormal readings | | | | |
| Radio or TV broadcast studio | | P | | P |
| Retail store (indoor) | P | P | P | P |
| Restaurant or cafeteria (carry-out only) | | | | |
| Restaurant or cafeteria (indoor service) | P | P | P | P |
| Restaurant or cafeteria (including drive-through window) | | P | | C |
| Restaurant or cafeteria (drive-in service) | | | | |
| Studios, photo, music, art, health, etc. | P | P | | P |
| Tattoo parlor | | | | |
| Travel agent | | P | | P |
| Upholstery shop | | - | | |
| Veterinarian (no outside runs) | | P | | |
| Veterinarian (with outside runs) Wholesale establishments | | P | | P |
| Any use with a drive through facility | | С | | C |
| Residential Uses | | | | C |
| Bed and breakfast | | | | |
| Boardinghouse or rooming house | | | | |
| Dormitories | | | | |
| Independent living facility | P | | | |
| Mobile home dwelling | | | | |
| Mobile home park | | | | |
| Multiple family dwelling (apartment) ground floors | C | С | | |
| Multiple family dwelling (apartment) upper floors | C | С | | |
| Single family dwelling, senior (senior apartment) | P | P | | |
| Single family dwelling (attached) | | | | |
| Single family dwelling (detached) | | | | |
| Two family dwelling (duplex) Watchman or caretaker quarters | | | | |
| Educational and Institutional Uses | | | | |
| Assisted living facility, nursing home, or rest home | P | | | |
| Cemetery | - | | | |
| Church, rectory, or other places of worship including church-operated day-care facilities and pre-schools | P | P | P | P |
| Clinic | | P | | P |
| College or university | | | | P |
| Day-care | | P | | |
| Fraternal organization, lodge, civic club | | P | | P |
| Halfway house | | | | |
| Hospital | | D | | |
| Museum, library, art gallery (public) | | P | | P |
| School, business or trade | C | P | C | C |
| School, public, private or parochial | S | S | S | S |



EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

| | | | | T | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| | Sub-District | Urban Residential Mixed Use | Neighborhood Mixed Use | Common Green | Freeway Mixed Use |
| Accessory, Utility and Incidental Uses | | D | В | 1 | l n |
| Accessory building or use | | P | P | | P |
| Electrical generating plant | | P | D | | |
| Home occupation Local utility line-or utility distribution lines; Telephone exchange (no garage or shop) | | P | P P | P | P |
| | | Р | Р | P | Р |
| Public building (shop or yard) | | | | | |
| Servant's quarters | | | | | |
| Sewage treatment plant | | | | | |
| Utility business office | | | | | |
| Utility shop or yard Utility substation or regulating station | | | | | |
| Water storage tank | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Water treatment plant Recreational and Entertainment Uses | | | I | I | 1 |
| Amusement, commercial (indoors) | | | P | | Р |
| Amusement, commercial (nudoor) Amusement, commercial (outdoor) | | | P | | 1 |
| Carnival or circus (temporary) | | | T | Т | |
| Country club | | | 1 | 1 | |
| Fitness club, gymnasium, exercise area or similar use | | | P | | P |
| Golf course (public) | | | 1 | | 1 |
| Golf course (private) | | | | | |
| Park or playground (public) | | P | P | P | P |
| Playfield or stadium (public) | | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Private club | | | P | | P |
| Recreation area (private) | | P | P | | P |
| Recreation center (private) | | P | P | P | P |
| Sexually oriented business | | | | | |
| Swim or tennis club | | | P | | P |
| Swimming pool (public) | | | P | | |
| Swimming pool (private) | | P | P | | P |
| Theater (indoor) | | | P | | P |
| Theater (outdoor) | | | | P | |
| Transportation, Automobile and Related Uses | | | | | |
| All uses | | | | | |
| Industrial and Manufacturing Uses | | | | | |
| All uses | | | | | |
| Agriculture and Related Uses | | | | | |
| Agricultural and ranching uses | | D | D | D | D |
| Community Garden | | P | P | P | P |
| Creamery (dairy products) | | | | | |
| Fairgrounds or rodeo | | | | | |
| Farm implement sales and service | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Farm orchard or truck garden | | | | 1 | |
| Hatchery (poultry), egg farm, feed lot Livestock auction | | | | 1 | |
| Stable, commercial | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Stable, private | | | | | |
| Stockyards or slaughterhouse | | | | | |
| Other Uses | | | L | 1 | |
| Antennas including cell, accessory, & mounted on top of bldgs | | | A/C | | A/C |
| Utility infrastructure | | A/C | A/C | A/C | A/C |
| Rain water harvesting equipment | | A/C | A/C | A/C | A/C |
| Parking Motor Court | | | 1.20 | 1.20 | A |
| | | | · | 1 | 1 - * |

 $A^* = Accessory$ use to not exceed 25% of the primary use building square footage



EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

6.3 Use Criteria: All uses listed as C and A/C in Table 6.1 shall also meet the following standards in Table 6.2

| Table 6.2 – Use Criteria | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Use | Zone | Location & Design Criteria | |
| Non-Residential Uses | | - | |
| Any use with a drive through facility Restaurant or cafeteria (including drive-through window) | Freeway Mixed Use, Neighborhood Mixed Use | All drive through access (driveways) shall be from Type 'B' Streets. Drive through lanes and/or canopies shall not have frontage along on or be located along any Type 'A' Streets, U.S. 75, Trinity Falls Parkway and Laud Howell Parkway. Drive through areas screened by a 4' high Street Screen. Restaurants with drive-throughs shall be part of a larger building and not a single free standing building. | |
| Universities and Colleges | Freeway Mixed Use, Neighborhood Mixed Use | Shall be required to provide structured parking as part of the build-out for the university/college campus | |
| Residential Uses | | | |
| Multi-family residential Ground Floor | Neighborhood Mixed Use | All Ground Floor Activated Uses as depicted on the Regulating Plan shall be built to Retail Ready standards. | |
| Multi-family residential (all dwelling units) | Neighborhood Mixed Use | Any development with multi-family must be 4-story minimum except the 3-story portion as depicted on the Regulating Plan All multi-family must be structure parked. | |
| Other Uses | | | |
| Antennas including cell, accessory and mounted (Excluded from this category are freestanding and commercial antennas and equipment buildings) | Freeway Mixed Use, Neighborhood Mixed Use | Antennas shall be permitted on rooftops. Antennas shall be screened entirely with a screen of same color as the principal building. Antennas shall not be visible from Main Street Parkway and Residential Drive. | |
| Utility equipment (includes electrical transformers, gas meters, etc) | All Zones | On all frontages utility equipment shall be screened with a Street Screen at least as high as the equipment being screened. For switch gear, there shall be a minimum 4' high screen. Utility equipment shall be permitted on rooftops. Rooftop utility equipment shall be screened entirely with a screen of same color as the principal building. | |
| Rain water harvesting equipment | All Zones | Rain water harvesting equipment shall be permitted on rooftops. Rain water harvesting equipment shall be screened entirely with a screen of same color as the principal building. | |



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Section 7. Building Form and Development Standards

The following section establishes the Building Form and Development Standards for all Sub-Districts within the Wilson District. Diagrams and reference letters are used for illustrations purposes only. Reference letters may not be in continuous sequence.

7.1 Freeway Mixed Use Sub-District



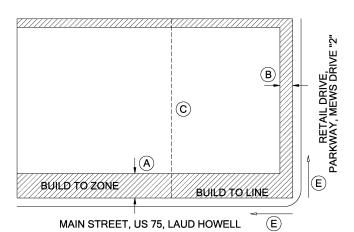
Freeway Mixed Use Sub-District Location Map

Note: This map is for reference only. Refer to the Regulating Plan (Appendix A) for all requirements.

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Freeway Mixed Use

7.1.1 Building Placement



REFER TO SECTION 9 ROAD SECTION FOR BTZ LOCATION

| Build-To Zone (BTZ) | | |
|--|--|---|
| Front (Main Street) | 0-10 feet | A |
| Front (Retail Drive) | 0-10 feet | В |
| Front (US 75) | 10-100 Feet | A |
| Front (Laud Howell) | 10-60 feet | A |
| Front (Intersection of US 75 and Howell) | 20-60 feet | A |
| Front (Parkway) | 0-10 Feet | В |
| Setback | | |
| Side (from property line) | 0 feet (see #1) | C |
| Building Frontage | | |
| Building Frontage required along all street BTL | 50% Main Street, 50% along Retail Drive, Parkway | E |
| Building Frontage required along US 75, Laud Howell | 0% | E |

7.1.2 Building Height

| Principal Building Standards | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Building height | Max height 20 stories/270 feet | | |
| First floor to floor height | 14 feet min. for ground floor Retail Ready as depicted in the Regulating Plan. 10 feet min. for garages and other uses | | |
| Upper floor(s) height (floor-to-ceiling) | 10 feet min. (excluding bathrooms, hallways, closets and areas common to furr downs) | | |

7.1.3 Ground Floor Activated Uses

As depicted on the Regulating Plan, ground floors of all buildings fronting on Main Street shall be built to Retail Ready standards including first floor-to-floor height, ingress and egress, handicap access, and first floor elevation flush with the sidewalk.

Building Placement Notes

- #1 Side setbacks shall be based on minimum fire separation required between buildings, if applicable.
- #2 Ground and roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from direct ground level view from adjoining property lines. In addition to a parapet wall no lower than 36 inches, the perimeter of any visible roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be circumscribed by a wall or permanent screen made of non-corrugated metal that is at least as tall as the equipment itself.
- #3 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade.
- #4 Required parking for commercial and office may be provided within 500 linear feet of the building frontage.
- #5 First floor heights shall not apply to parking structures.

(T)

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Freeway Mixed Use

PARKING & Service Access (BUILD TO ZONE BUILD TO LINE BUILD TO LINE BUILD TO LINE BUILD TO LINE

| MAIN STREET | US 75 | LAUD HOWELL |
|-------------|-------|-------------|

| (i) Parking Location | | |
|---|---|------------------|
| Surface/At Grade Parking Main Street, US 75, Laud Howell | Shall be located behind the principal building (see #1) | <u>o</u> |
| Retail Drive, Mews "2" | Shall be located behind the principal building (see #1) | Q |
| Parkway | For hotel, office or retail shall be located behind the principal building (see #1) | |
| Side setback (distance from property line) | 0 feet min. | P |
| Rear setback (distance from property line) | 0 feet min. | R |
| Above Grade (Structured) Pa | arking | |
| Setback along Retail Drive | 0 feet min. | o |
| Setback along Main Street, Mews "2" | Not allowed at grade level. | Q |
| Setback along US 75, Laud Howell | 20 feet min | |
| Side and rear setbacks (distance from property line) | 0 feet min. | \bigcirc Q |
| | May be built up to the | |
| Upper Floors | building line, consistent | |
| (ii) Required Off-Street P | with lower levels | |
| Non-residential uses | | sq. feet (gross) |
| Hotel/Lodging | | hotel room |
| (iii) Driveways and Service | | |
| (III) Direways and Service | Access drives are required | |
| Parking driveway width | to be a minimum 26 feet wide. The drive may be reduced to 24 feet minimum based on the | (s) |
| | building design of the site and adjacent sites. | |

- •Driveways and off-street loading and unloading docks shall not be located on a Type "A" Streets.
- •Porte cocheres may be permitted over the pedestrian and utility easement, at 40' maximum length to provide dropand valet service. In the event that a porte cochere is designed to go over a fire lane, the minimum height shall be 14'-6'.
- •Shared driveways and cross access easements shall be provided between lots to minimize curb cuts, where feasible
- •If driveway and/or off-street service loading and unloading access is provided from a Type "A" Street, such access shall be deemed as temporary and cross access easements along the rear of the property shall be required when adjoining properties are developed.

7.1.5 Encroachments

Canopies, signs, awnings and balconies may encroach over the BTZ, setback, and, sidewalk as long as the vertical clearance is a minimum of 8 feet. In no case shall an encroachment be located over an on-street parking or travel lane.

7.1.6 Applicability

Building Form and Development Standards in this Section shall apply to all development within this Sub-District.

Parking & Service Access Notes

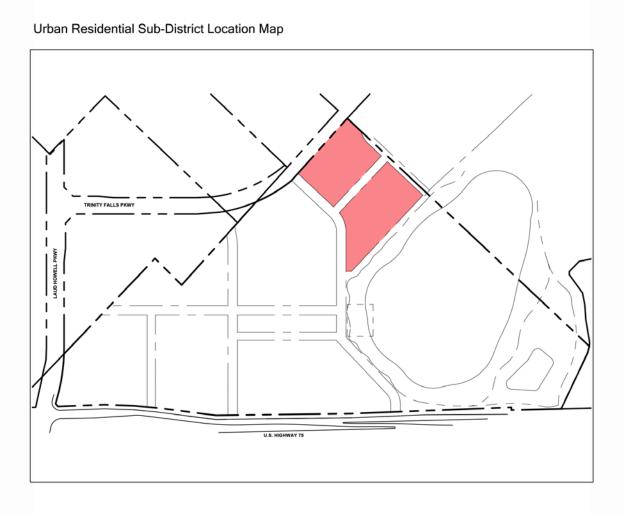
- #1 Surface parking as an ancillary use with an office motor court shall be permitted with a 5-20 foot setback and street screen.
- #2 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade
- #3 Required parking may be provided anywhere within this Sub-District.



EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

7.2 Urban Residential Sub-District



Urban Residential Use Sub-District Location Map

 $Note: This \ map \ is \ for \ reference \ only. \ Refer \ to \ the \ Regulating \ Plan \ (Appendix \ A) \ for \ all \ requirements.$



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Urban Residential

BUILD TO ZONE TRINITY FALLS PKWY, PARKWAY (E)

REFER TO SECTION 9 ROAD SECTION FOR BTZ LOCATION

| Build-To Zone (BTZ) | | |
|--|--------------------|---|
| Front (Parkway) | 0 - 10 feet | A |
| Front (Trinity Falls) | 0-20 feet | A |
| Front (Residential Drive, Mews Drive "1") | 0 - 10 feet | В |
| Setback | | |
| Side (distance from property line) | 0 feet (see #1) | C |
| Rear (distance from property line) | 0 feet (see #1) | D |
| Building Frontage | | |
| Building Frontage required along all streets | 80% | E |

7.2.2 Building Height

| | | ~ |
|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Principal | Building | Standards |

| Building height | stories/75-feet and max neight 6 | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| All floors height (floor-to-ceiling) | 10 feet min. (excluding bathrooms, hallways, closets, and areas common to furr downs) | |

Building Placement Notes

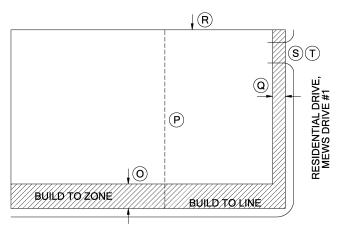
- #1 Side setbacks shall be based on minimum fire separation required between buildings, if applicable.
- #2 Ground and roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from direct ground level view from adjoining property lines. In addition to a parapet wall no lower than 36 inches, the perimeter of any visible roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be circumscribed by a wall or permanent screen made of non-corrugated metal that is at least as tall as the equipment itself.
- #3 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade.
- #4 Required parking for commercial and office may be provided within 500 linear feet of the building frontage.
- #5 First floor heights shall not apply to parking structures.



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Urban Residential



TRINITY FALLS PKWY, PARKWAY

| _ | | _ | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| (i) Parking Location | | | | |
| Surface/At Grade Parking | | | | |
| Trinity Falls Parkway | Shall be located behind the principal building | 0 | | |
| Residential Drive, Mews Drive "1" | Shall be located behind the principal building | Q | | |
| Side setback (distance from property line) | 0 feet min. | P | | |
| Rear setback (distance from property line) | 0 feet min. | R | | |
| Above Grade Parking | | | | |
| Setback along Trinity Falls, Parkway | 5 feet min. | 0 | | |
| Setback along Residential Drive, Mews Drive "1" | 0 feet | | | |
| Side and rear setbacks (distance from property line) | 0 feet min. | Q | | |
| (ii) Required Off-Street Parking Spaces | | | | |
| Non-residential uses | 1 space/300 sq. feet (gross) | | | |
| Residential uses | 1 space/bedroom | | | |
| (iii) Driveways and Service Access | | | | |
| | Access drives are required to be a minimum 26 feet | S | | |

Parking driveway width

wide. The drive may be reduced to 24 feet minimum based on the building design of the site



and adjacent sites

Driveways and off-street loading and unloading docks shall not be located on a Type "A" Streets.

Porte cocheres may be permitted over the pedestrian and utility easement, at 40' maximum length to provide drop- and valet service. In the event that a porte cochere is designed to go over a fire lane, the minimum height shall be 14'-6".

Shared driveways and cross access easements are encouraged between lots to minimize curb cuts.

If driveway and/or off-street service loading and unloading access is provided from a Type "A" Street, such access shall be deemed as temporary and cross access easements along the rear of the property shall be required when adjoining properties are developed.

Canopies, signs, awnings and balconies may encroach over the BTZ, setback, and, sidewalk a maximum of 8' as long as the vertical clearance is a minimum of 8 feet. In no case shall an encroachment be located over an on-street parking or

Building Form and Development Standards in this Section shall apply to all development within this Sub-District.

Parking & Service Access Notes

- #1-Surface parking as an ancillary use with an office motor court shall be permitted with a 0-20 foot setback.
- #2 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade
- #3 Required parking may be provided anywhere within this Sub-District.

Wilson District Planned Development Code

7.3 Neighborhood Mixed Use Sub-District



Neighborhood Mixed Use Sub-District Location Map

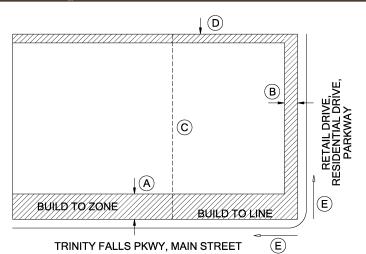
Note: This map is for reference only. Refer to the Regulating Plan (Appendix A) for all requirements.

January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Neighborhood Mixed Use

7.3.1 Building Placement



REFER TO SECTION 9 ROAD SECTION FOR BTZ LOCATION

| Build-To Zone (BTZ) | | |
|--|--|-----|
| Front (Main Street) | 0 – 10 feet | (A) |
| Setback | | |
| Front (Trinity Falls) from property line | 20 feet (min.) | (A) |
| Front (Retail Drive, Parkway, Residential Drive and Rear) from property line | 0 feet (min.) | В |
| Side and Rear (distance from property line) | 0 feet (min.) (see #1) | C D |
| Building Frontage | | |
| Building Frontage required along all street BTZ | 90% along Main Street, 0% for others | E |

7.3.2 Building Height

Principal Building Standards

| Building height | Max 6 stories/275 feet – shall be established on the Regulating Plan |
|--------------------------------|--|
| First floor to floor height | 14 min. for ground floor Activated Uses as depicted on The Regulating Plan) 10 feet min. (excluding bathrooms, hallways, closets, and areas common to furr down) |
| Upper floor(s) height | 10 feet min. (excluding bathrooms, hallways, closets, |
| (floor-to-ceiling) | and areas common to furr downs) |

Building Placement Notes

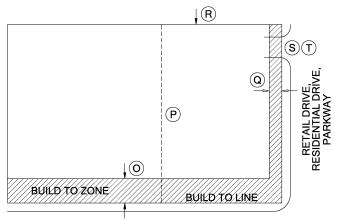
- #1 Side and rear setbacks shall be based on minimum fire separation required between buildings, if applicable.
- #2 Ground and roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from direct ground level view from adjoining property lines. In addition to a parapet wall no lower than 36 inches, the perimeter of any visible roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be circumscribed by a wall or permanent screen made of noncorrugated metal that is at least as tall as the equipment itself.
- #3 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade.
- #4 Required parking for commercial and office may be provided within 500 linear feet of the building frontage.
 #5 First floor heights shall not apply to parking structures.



Wilson District Planned Development Code

Neighborhood Mixed Use

7.3.3 Parking & Service Access



RING ROAD, U.S. 75 SERVICE ROAD

| _ | | _ | | | |
|--|--|-----|--|--|--|
| (i) Parking Location | | | | | |
| Surface/At Grade Parking | | | | | |
| Main Street | Shall be located behind the principal building | 0 | | | |
| Retail Drive, Parkway, and Residential Drive | 0 feet min. | Q | | | |
| Trinity Falls | 20 feet min. | 0 | | | |
| Side setback (distance from property line) | 5 feet min. | P | | | |
| Above Grade Parking | | | | | |
| Main Street | Not permitted at grade level | (o) | | | |
| Side and rear setbacks (distance from property line) | 0 feet min. | P R | | | |
| Setback along Retail Drive and Parkway | 10 feet min. | Q | | | |
| Setback along Trinity Falls | 20 feet min. | 0 | | | |
| (ii) Required Off-Street Parl | king Spaces | | | | |
| Non-residential uses | 1 space/200 sq. feet (gross) | | | | |
| Residential uses | 1 space/bedroom | | | | |
| (iii) Driveways and Service A | ccess | | | | |
| Parking driveway width | Access drives are required to be a minimum 26 feet wide. The drive may be reduced to 24 feet minimum based on the building design of the site and adjacent sites | S | | | |

Porte cocheres may be permitted over the pedestrian and utility easement, at 40' maximum length to provide drop- and valet service. In the event that a porte cochere is designed to go over a fire lane, the minimum height shall be 14'-6".

7.3.4 Encroachments

Canopies, signs, awnings and balconies may encroach over the BTZ, setback, and, sidewalk as long as the vertical clearance is a minimum of 8 feet. In no case shall an encroachment be located over an on-street parking or travel lane.

7.3.5 Applicability

Building Form and Development Standards in this Section shall apply to all development within this Sub-District.

Parking & Service Access Notes

- #1 Surface parking as an ancillary use with an office motor court shall be permitted with a 5 20 foot setback.
- #2 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade.
- #3 Required parking may be provided anywhere within this Sub-District.

Wilson District Planned Development Code

7.4 Common Green Sub-District



Common Green Sub-District Location Map

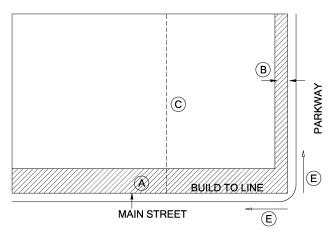
Note: This map is for reference only. Refer to the Regulating Plan (Appendix A) for all requirements

January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

7.4 Common Green

7.4.1 Building Placement



REFER TO SECTION 9 ROAD SECTION FOR BTZ LOCATION

| Build-To Zone (BTZ) | | |
|---|---|---|
| Front (Main Street) | 0 – 10 feet | A |
| Front (Parkway) | 0 – 10 feet | В |
| Building Frontage | | |
| Building Frontage required along all street BTZ | No min. along Main Street, No min. along Parkway | E |

7.4.2 Building Height

Principal Building Standards

| Building height | Max 2 stories/30 feet |
|-----------------------|---|
| First floor to | 14 feet min. for ground floor Activated Uses as |
| floor height | depicted on the Regulating Plan. |
| Upper floor(s) height | 10 feet min. (excluding bathrooms, hallways, closets, |
| (floor-to-ceiling) | and areas common to furr downs) |

Building Placement Notes

- #1 Side and rear setbacks shall be based on minimum fire separation required between buildings, if applicable.
- #2 Ground and roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from direct ground level view from adjoining property lines. In addition to a parapet wall no lower than 36 inches, the perimeter of any visible roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be circumscribed by a wall or permanent screen made of non-corrugated metal that is at least as tall as the equipment itself.
- #3 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade
- #4 Required parking for commercial and office may be provided within 500 linear feet of the building frontage.

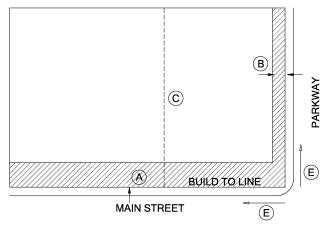
 #5 – First floor heights shall not apply to parking structures.

January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

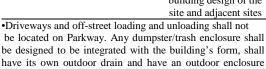
Common Green

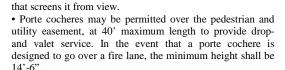
7.4.3 Parking & Service Access



REFER TO SECTION 9 ROAD SECTION FOR BTZ LOCATION

| (iv) Parking Location | | | | | |
|--|--|----------|--|--|--|
| Surface/At Grade Parking | Surface/At Grade Parking | | | | |
| Main Street | Not permitted | 0 | | | |
| Parkway | Not permitted | Q | | | |
| Above Grade Parking | | | | | |
| Main Street | Not permitted | 0 | | | |
| Setback along Parkway | Not permitted | Q | | | |
| Upper Floors | Not permitted | | | | |
| (v) Required Off-Street P | arking Spaces | | | | |
| Non-residential uses | Non-residential uses 1 space/200 sq. feet (gross) | | | | |
| (vi) Driveways and Service Access | | | | | |
| Parking driveway width | Access drives are required to be a minimum 26 feet wide. The drive may be reduced to 24 feet minimum based on the building design of the site and adjacent sites | <u>s</u> | | | |
| Driveways and off-street loading | and unloading shall not | _ | | | |





7.4.4 Encroachments

Canopies, signs, awnings and balconies may encroach over the BTZ, setback, and, sidewalk as long as the vertical clearance is a minimum of 8 feet. In no case shall an encroachment be located over an on-street parking or travel lane.

7.4.5 Applicability

Building Form and Development Standards in this Section shall apply to all development within this Sub-District.

Parking & Service Access Notes

- #1 Surface parking as an ancillary use with an office motor court shall be permitted with a 0-20 foot setback.
- #2 Setbacks and build-to lines for recessed entry and arcade buildings shall be measured from the building façade line which contains the recessed entry or arcade.
- #3 Required parking may be provided anywhere within this Sub-District.



EXHIBIT "C"

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Section 8. Building Design Standards

The Building Design Standards and Guidelines for the Wilson District shall establish a coherent urban character and encourage enduring and attractive development. Development plans shall be reviewed by the City Manager or designee for compliance with the standards below. A design that varies from the standards set below may be permitted through staff approval, provided the design demonstrates a unique, quality design (see Table 3.1 Minor Modification Thresholds). Designs that staff cannot approve would need to go to Planning and Zoning Commission for approval.

The key design principles establish essential goals for development in the Wilson District to ensure the preservation, sustainability, and visual quality of this unique environment. Buildings shall be located and designed so that they provide visual interest and create enjoyable, human-scaled spaces. The key design principles are:

- a. New buildings should utilize building elements and details to achieve a pedestrian-oriented public realm.
- b. Compatibility is not meant to be achieved through uniformity, but through the use of variations in building elements to achieve individual building identity.
- c. Building facades should include appropriate architectural details and ornament to create variety and interest.
- d. Open space(s) should be incorporated to provide usable public areas integral to the urban environment.
- e. Specialized fire protection systems many be required for the structures given the uniqueness of the development.

8.1 General to all Sub-Districts

8.1.1 Building Orientation

- i. Buildings shall be oriented toward streets where the lot has both frontage and ground floor activated uses along streets. Multi-tenant or omni buildings shall have at least one building face directly fronting a street.
- ii. Primary entrance to buildings shall be located on the street along which the building is oriented typically along Type A streets. At intersections, corner buildings may have their primary entrances oriented at an angle to the intersection.
- iii. All primary entrances shall be oriented to the sidewalk for ease of pedestrian access. Secondary and service entrances may be located from internal parking areas or alleys.

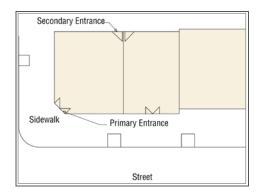


Figure showing required building orientation and location of primary entrances



Wilson District Planned Development Code

8.1.2 Design of Parking Structures

- i. All frontages of parking structures located on Type "A" Streets shall not have parking uses on the ground floor to a minimum depth of 30 feet.
- ii. Parking structure facades on all streets shall be designed with both vertical (façade rhythm of 20 feet to 30 feet) and horizontal (aligning with horizontal elements along the block) articulation.
- iii. Where above-ground structured parking is located at the perimeter of a building with frontage along any street it shall be screened in such a way that cars on the ground floor are completely hidden from view along Type "A" streets. Screening may be achieved through the use of louvered, solid or opaque vertical screening elements, in which case Section 8.1.2ii applies. Permitted materials shall be metal, glass, pre-cast concrete, masonry or concrete block.
- iv. For garage facades along U.S. 75 frontage road, Trinity Falls, Parkway, Mews Drive "1" and Laud Howell Parkway frontages shall be precast spandrels (no cables).
- v. For garage facades along all Wilson District streets except Mews Drive "1" and Service Drive and are within 50' of a street's property line shall be clad with the same material as the adjacent street facing building.
- vi. When parking structures are located at corners, corner architectural elements shall be incorporated such as corner entrance, signage, glazing and vertical elements that accentuate the parking structure's vertical circulation.
- vii. Parking structure ramps shall not be visible from any Type A street.
- viii. Parking Structure Height: No parking structure shall be taller than the primary building it serves.









Images showing appropriate design of Parking Structures

8.1.3 Design of Automobile Related Building Site Elements

i. All off-street loading, unloading, and trash pick up areas shall be located along alleys or Type 'B' Streets unless permitted in the specific building form and development standards in Section 7.

8.2.1 Roof Form

i. Buildings shall have simple, flat fronts with minimal articulations with flat or low pitched roofs (2.5:12 or lower) with parapets. Corner hip roof elements and gable accents at the parapet may be permitted. Projecting mansard roofs shall not be permitted.



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code







8.2.2 Façade Composition

- i. Storefronts on facades that span multiple tenants shall use architecturally compatible materials, colors, details, awnings, signage, and lighting fixtures.
- ii. Building entrances shall be defined and articulated by architectural elements such as lintels, pediments, pilasters, columns, porticos, porches, overhangs, railings, balustrades, and others as appropriate. All building elements should be compatible with the architectural style, materials, colors, and details of the building as a whole. Entrances to upper level uses may be defined and integrated into the design of the overall building facade.
- iii. Buildings shall generally maintain the alignment of horizontal elements along the block.
- iv. Corner emphasizing architectural features, pedimented parapets, cornices, awnings, blade signs, arcades, colonnades and balconies may be used along commercial storefronts to add pedestrian interest.







Buildings with architectural features and storefront elements that add interest along the street.

v. Buildings which are located on axis with a terminating street or at the intersection of streets shall be considered as feature buildings. Such buildings shall be designed with features which take advantage of that location, such as an accentuated entry and a unique building articulation which is off-set from the front wall planes and goes above the main building eave or parapet line.

8.2.3 Windows and Doors

- i. Windows and doors on street fronting facades (except alleys) shall be designed to be proportional and appropriate to the architectural style of the building. First floor windows shall NOT be opaque, tinted or mirrored glass.
- ii. All ground floor front facades of buildings along streets or Civic/Open Space shall have transparent storefront windows covering no less than 50% of the façade area. Upper floors along streets shall feature at least 20% transparent windows in each façade. Single tenants that are greater than 20,000 sf shall have no less than 20%.
- iii. Windows and doors may require fire ratings depending upon separation per IBC/IFC.



Wilson District Planned Development Code







Images showing appropriate window designs and proportions.

8.2.4 Building Materials

- i. At least 50% of each building's façade (excluding doors and windows) shall be finished in one of the following materials:
 - Masonry (brick, stone, or cast stone)
 - ii. No more than 50% of each façade along any street shall use accent materials such as stucco, fiber cement siding, pre-cast concrete panels, wood, architectural metal panel, split-face concrete block, tile or Exterior Insulating Finishing System (EIFS). EIFS may only be used 8 feet above the ground floor and is prohibited on all building elevations with the exception of its use for exterior trim and moulding features.









Images showing appropriate building materials within the district.

iii. Roofing materials visible from any street shall be copper, factory finished standing seam metal, slate, synthetic slate, or similar materials.

8.2.5 Ground floor activated uses

Portions of the ground floor that are designated for ground floor activated uses on the Regulating Plan shall be constructed as a concrete podium and shall comply with the retail ready standards. As defined in Section 4, Retail-Ready means space constructed at a minimum interior height of 14 feet floor to floor which may be used for non-commercial uses and can be converted into retail/commercial use. Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for a retail/commercial use in a Retail-Ready space, the space must comply with all adopted international building, fire and locally adopted amendments for that use. In addition, the space must comply with all requirements for HVAC/Plumbing for both residential and commercial uses. The intent of Retail-Ready space is to provide the flexibility of occupying a space in accordance with market demand and allowing the use in such space to change to retail/commercial uses accordingly. Portions not designated as ground floor activated uses are not required for this type of construction.



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Section 9. Street Type & Streetscape Design Standards

- 9.1 Generally: Streets in the Wilson District need to support the overall goal of a mixed use, compact, pedestrian-oriented district. They should balance all forms of mobility while maximizing convenience for residents and visitors.
- 9.2 The Regulating Plan designates the required and recommended street network within the Wilson District. This section specifies the typical configuration of streets within the Wilson District. The specifications address vehicular lane width, parkway widths, right-of-way widths, pedestrian and utility easement widths, number of travel lanes, on-street parking, and pedestrian accommodation.
- 9.3 Streets shall be designed in accordance with City of McKinney design standards except as explicitly stated herein.
- 9.4 New Streets: This section specifies standards for all new streets in the Wilson District.
- 9.5 Radii shall be determined based on evaluation of intersection design and emergency vehicle access. Consideration shall be given to landscaping, signage, fire hydrants and crosswalk design to eliminate these obstructions in the apparatus turning movements.
- 9.6 Street Classifications Established: Table 9.1 and associated cross sections shall establish the cross sections for each street type. The cross sections may be adjusted to fit existing contexts with the approval of the City Engineer and complies with the International Fire Code and locally adopted amendments. In addition, the proposed cross sections may be adjusted to meet the needs of the International Fire Code as adopted by the City, such as an increase from 24 feet to 27 feet or 30 feet for certain streets described in Table 9.1.

Table 9.1

| Elements Street Classifications | Street Eas | Street Easement Width (Recommended Minimum) | | | Lane Widths for Vehicular Lanes | On-Street Parking | Pedestrian Sidewalk Width (min.)* | Parkway/ Tree Well |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| | Pavement Width | R.O.W Width/ Access Easement | Pedestrian Easement Build-to Line (both sides) | | | | | |
| Main Street (Parallel Parking) | 43 feet** | 54'/N/A | 8 feet | 2 | 13'-6" | Yes, both sides, parallel** | 8'-0" | Within Pedestrian Amenity |
| Main Street (Angled Parking) | 63 feet | 74'/N/A | 8 feet | 2 | 13'-6" | Yes, both sides, angled** | 8'-0" | Within Pedestrian Amenity |
| Retail Drive | 43 feet | 54'/N/A | 6 feet | 2 | 13'-6" | Yes, both sides, parallel | 6'-0" | Within Pedestrian Amenity |
| Parkway | 43 feet | 54'/N/A | 9 feet (UR side) | 2 | 13'-6" | Yes, both sides, parallel | 6'-0" (UR side) 10'-0" (Lake side) | Within Pedestrian Amenity |
| Residential Drive | 43 feet | 54'/N/A | 8 feet | 2 | 13'-6" | Yes, both sides, parallel | 6'-0" | Within Pedestrian Amenity |
| Service Drive | 24 feet | 54'/24 | 10 feet | 2 | 12 feet | No | 6'-0" | Within Pedestrian Amenity |
| Mews Drive "1" | 24 feet | 54'/24 | 10 feet | 2 | 12 feet | No | 5'-0" | Within Pedestrian Easement |
| Mews Drive "2" | 24 feet | 54'/24 | 10 feet | 2 | 12 feet | No | 5'-0" | Within Pedestrian Easement |

^{*} The minimum sidewalk width shall be unencumbered and shall be exclusive of tree grates or any other encroachments.

^{**} Portions of Main Street could be built out with angled parking in lieu of parallel. Design standards for angled parking shall be approved by the City Engineer.

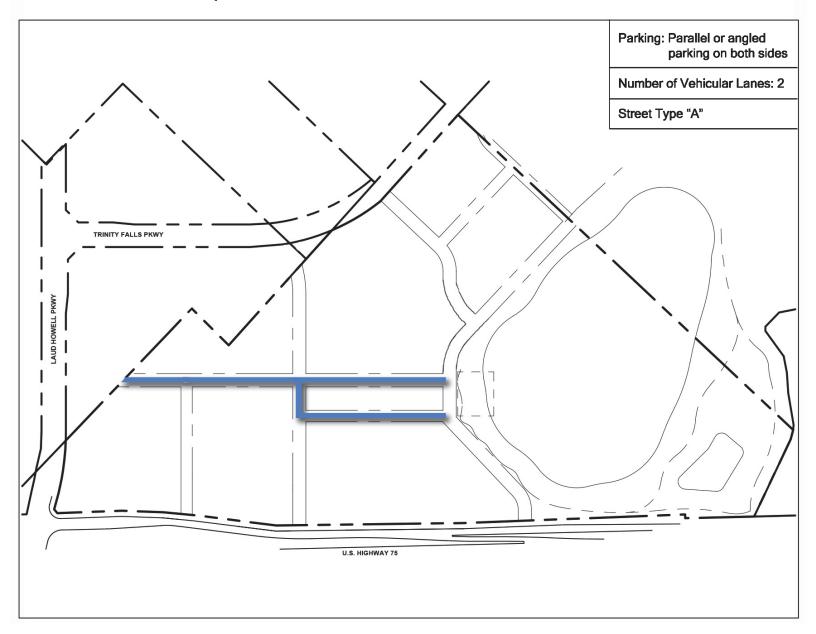


Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

9.7 Main Street

Main Street Location Map

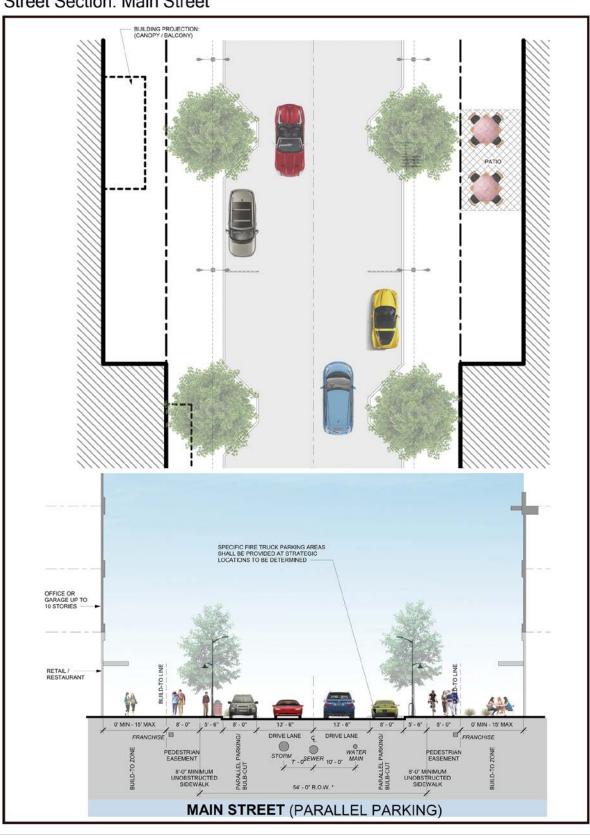




January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

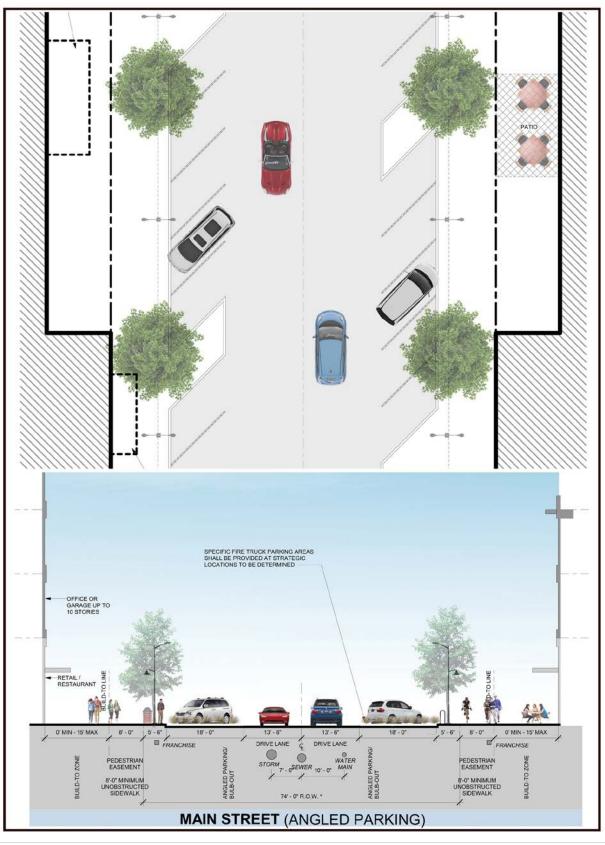
Street Section: Main Street





January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code



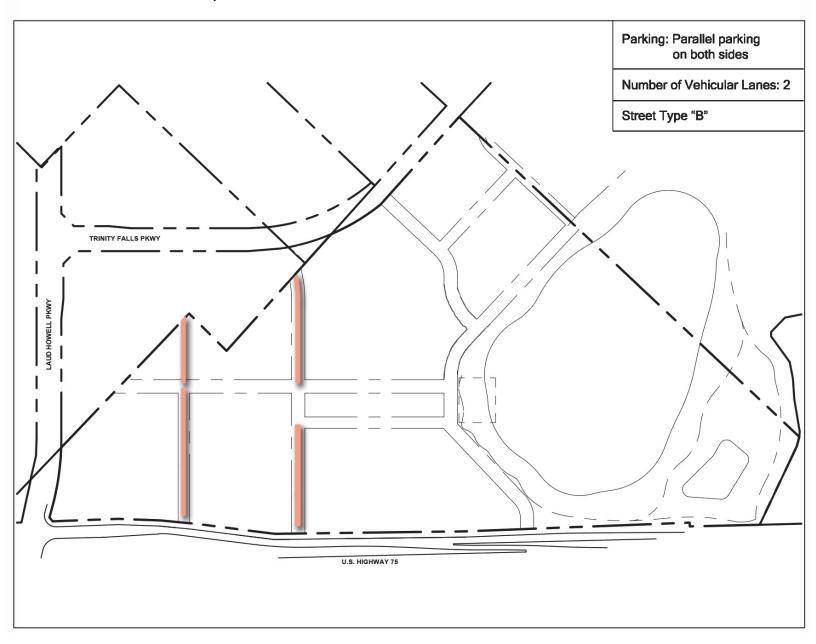


Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

9.8 Retail Drive

Retail Drive Location Map

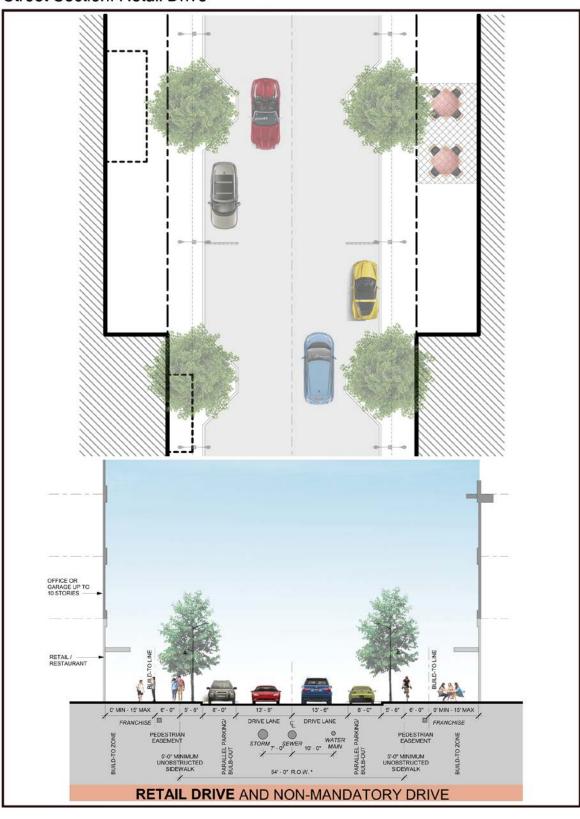




January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Street Section: Retail Drive



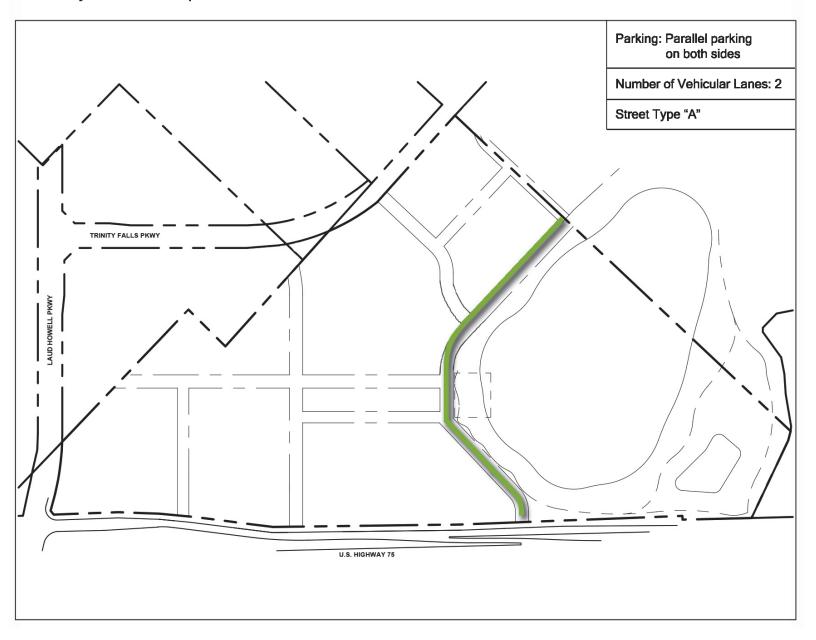


Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

9.9 Parkway

Parkway Location Map

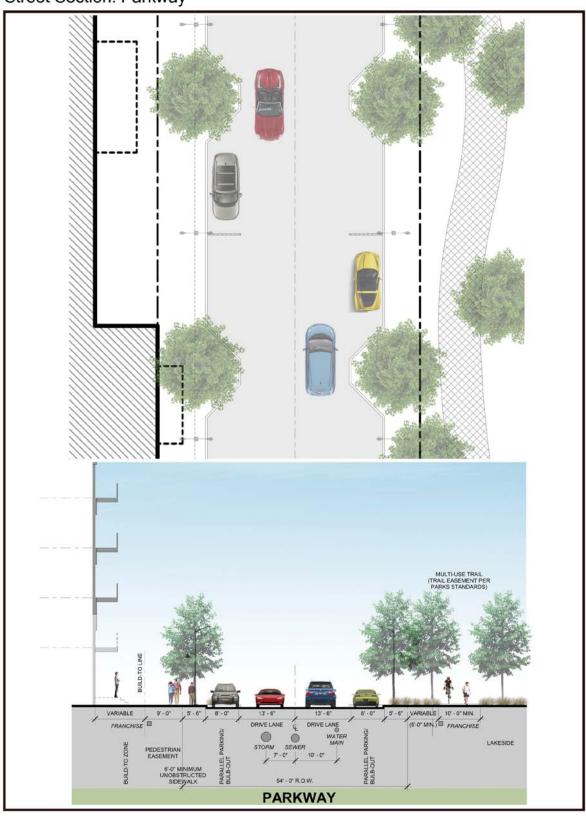




January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Street Section: Parkway





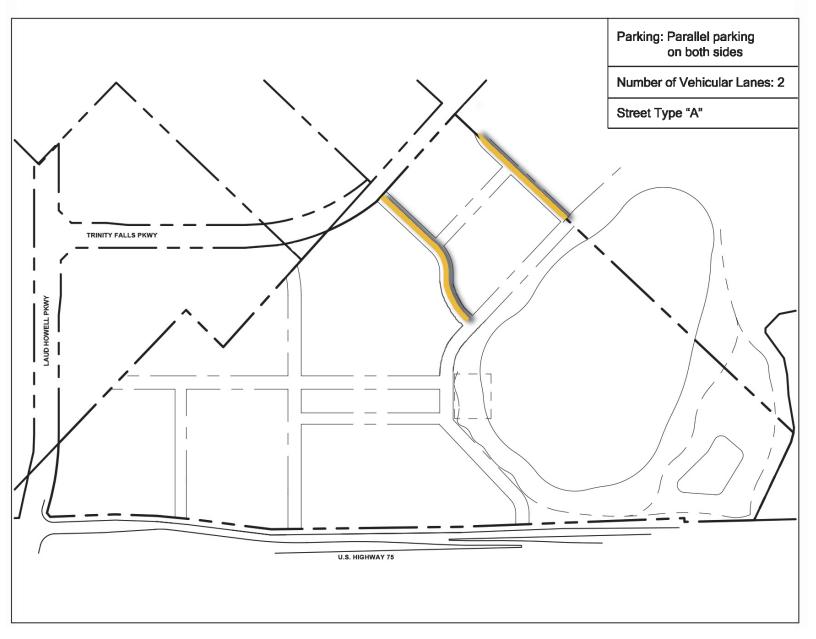


Wilson District
Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

9.10 Residential Drive

Residential Drive Location Map

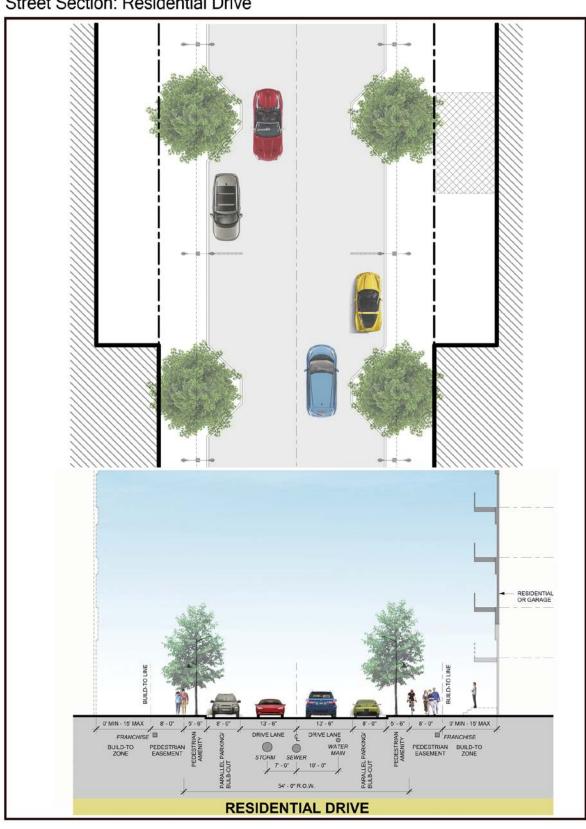




January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Street Section: Residential Drive



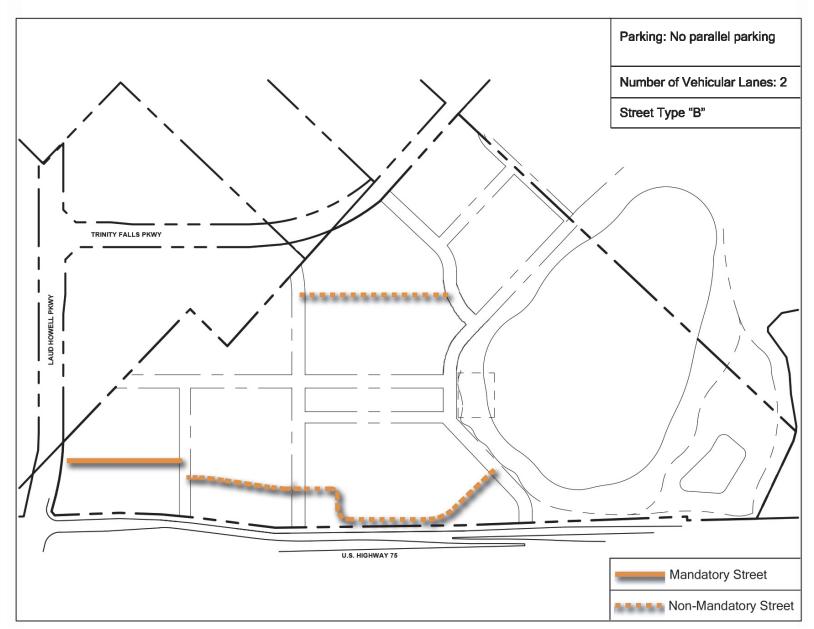


Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

9.11 Service Drive

Service Drives Location Map

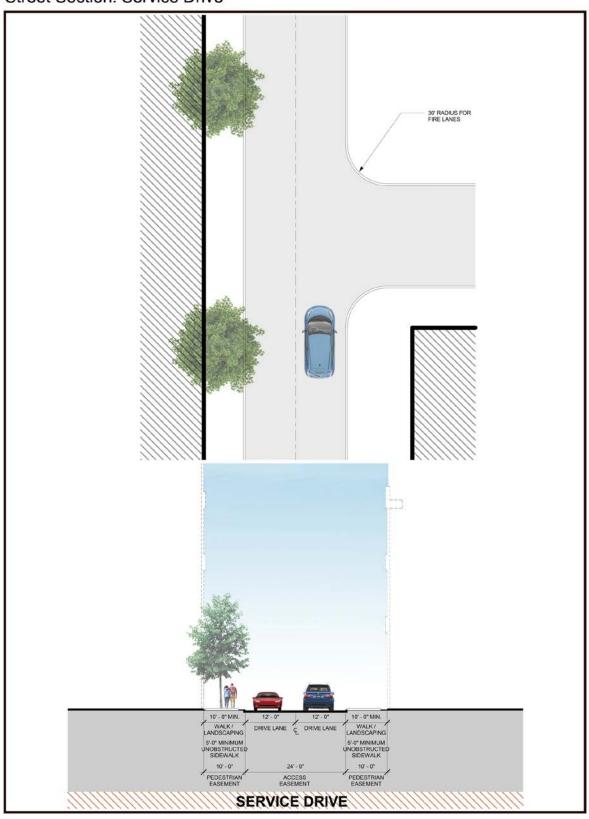




January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Street Section: Service Drive



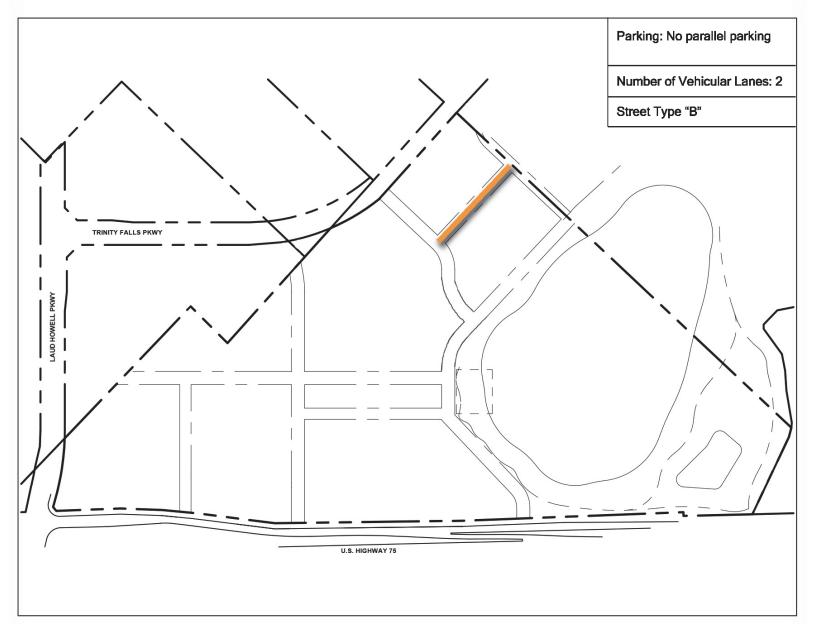


Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

9.12 Mews Drive "1"

Mews Drive1 Location Map

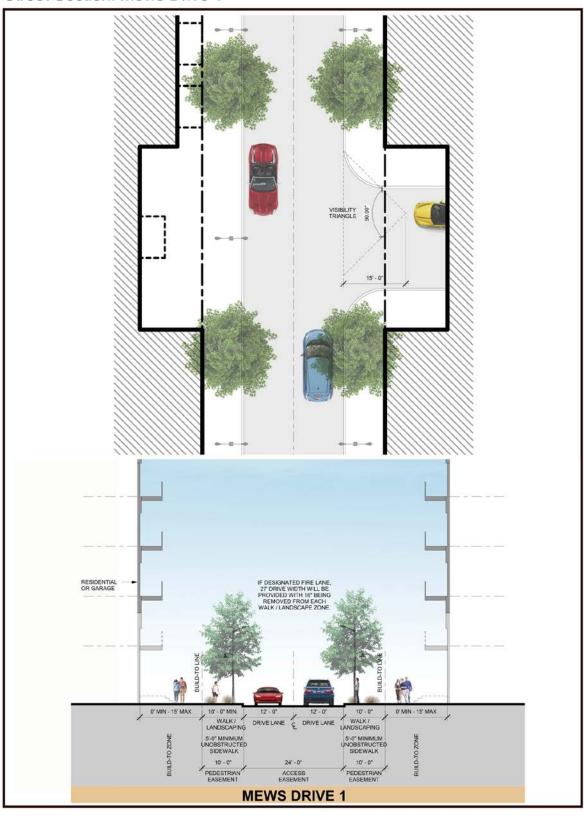




January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

Street Section: Mews Drive 1



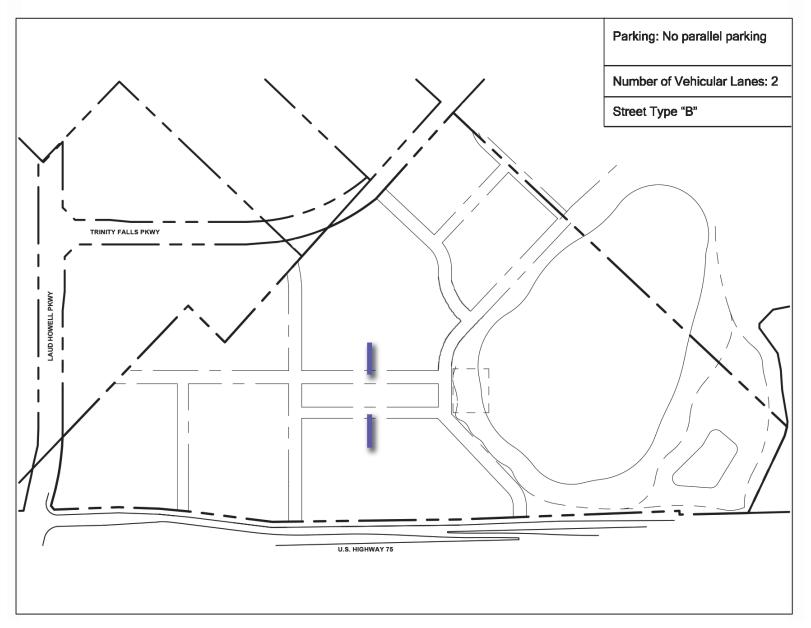


Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

9.13 Mews Drive "2"

Mews Drive 2 Location Map

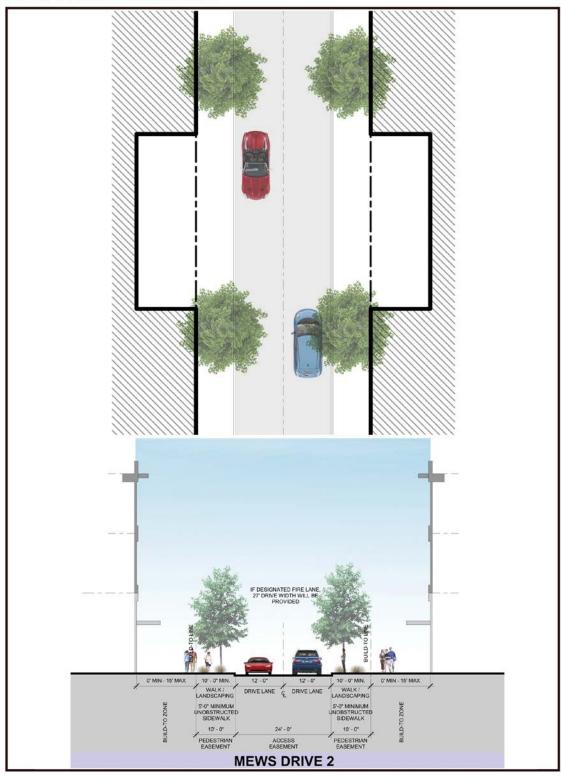






Wilson District Planned Development Code

Street Section: Mews Drive 2





Wilson District Planned Development Code

EXHIBIT "C"

January 30, 2017

9.14 Streetscape & Landscape Standards: Streetscape standards shall apply to all streets within the Wilson District. Streetscape standards shall address all elements between the building face and edge of the curb. Typical streetscape elements addressed are street trees, lighting, street furniture and pedestrian amenities, and materials. Maintenance of all landscape and urban furniture, such as trash receptacles, within the streetscape shall not be by the City of McKinney.

- 9.15 Street Trees and Landscaping (within the pedestrian easement):
 - 9.15.1 Street trees shall be required on all Wilson District streets. Refer to Appendix B for a selection of street trees.
 - 9.15.2 Street trees shall be planted approximately 3 feet behind the curb line when located in a bulb-out. The tree shall be centered within the bulb-out. Consideration shall be given to landscaping design to ensure these obstructions are not in the apparatus turning movements, or create an obstruction between the aerial apparatus fire lane and the building such that ladder access cannot be provided.
 - 9.15.3 Spacing shall be an average of 30 feet on center (measured per block face) along all streets.
 - 9.15.4 The minimum caliper size for each street tree shall be 4 in. and shall be a minimum of 12 feet in height at planting. Each street tree shall be planted in a planting area no less than 36 sq. feet; however, the tree well area may be no smaller than 5 feet by 5 feet.
 - 9.15.5 Turf and groundcover: When clearly visible from the street, all unpaved ground areas shall be planted with low growing shrubs or ground cover, ornamental grasses, or a combination thereof. Turf grass must be installed as solid sod.
 - 9.15.7 Maintenance of all landscape materials shall meet the requirements of the City of McKinney Landscape Ordinance Requirements.
 - 9.15.8 Along arterials and the highway access road, street trees shall be planted within the required landscape buffer as per the City of McKinney Landscape Ordinance/Policies.
 - 9.15.9 Strategic access points may be created in order to operate five aerial apparatus in locations where trees may need to be relocated.

9.16 Street Furniture, Lighting, and Materials:

- 9.16.1 Pedestrian scale lighting shall be required along all Wilson District streets. They shall be no taller than 20 feet.
- 9.16.2 Exterior lighting shall minimize the lighting of architectural and landscape features. Where lighting is required for safety, security, egress or identifications, utilize down-lighting technologies rather than up-lighting.
- 9.16.3 Pedestrian-scale regular street lights shall be placed at uniform locations based on the placement of street trees and other street furniture to provide safety for both pedestrians and automobiles while limiting spill-over and light pollution effects of such street lights. The placement and illumination intensity shall be subject to City approval at the time of the submission of a Development Plan.
- 9.16.4 The light standard selected shall be compatible with the design of the street and buildings.
- 9.16.5 Trash receptacles and bike racks shall be required along all Type 'B' Streets except Service Drive. A minimum of one each per block face shall be required. Each bike rack must accommodate at least six (6) bikes.
- 9.16.6 Street furniture and pedestrian amenities such as benches are required along all Type "A" and "B" Streets except Service Drives at a 150' O.C. minimum.
- 9.16.7 All street furniture shall be located in such a manner as to allow a clear sidewalk passageway of a minimum of 6 feet.
- 9.16.8 Materials selected for paving and street furniture shall be of durable quality and require minimal maintenance.



January 30, 2017

Wilson District Planned Development Code

- 9.17 General Landscape Requirements
 - 9.17.1 Regulations not specified within this Code shall follow Chapter 146-135, Zoning Ordinance of the City of McKinney, and as amended.
 - 9.17.2 Street trees and landscape areas shall be permitted within the right-of-way line (refer to Section 9.6 9.11 of this Code).
 - 9.17.3 Intersections internal to the Wilson District and not bordering the district's perimeter shall be exempt from landscape buffer corner clips.
 - 9.17.4 For all non-residential and multiple family parcels, a minimum of 7 percent of the entire site shall be devoted to living landscape, which shall include grass, ground cover, plants, shrubs, or trees. Within multiple family courtyards screened from a street this shall include hardscaped areas.
 - 9.17.5 Landscape setbacks for all uses shall match those with both building and parking setback and build-to zone requirements as described in Section 7.1 7.4 of this Code.



Wilson District Planned Development Code

Section 10. Civic/Open Space Standards

10.1 The design of Civic/Open Space shall be regulated by the Civic/Open Space standards herein which shall create a network of open spaces that recognizes the natural qualities of the area while providing a range of both passive and active recreational opportunities. These opportunities may be accommodated in a variety of spaces ranging from large regional parks to neighborhood-scaled plazas. The open space network will be serviced by an interconnected network of trails and paths for pedestrians and bicyclists alike.

10.2 Open Space Standards - Common Green





The required open space, Common Green, as designated on the Regulating Plan, will create an important public space that connects the community within the Wilson District and allows for active and passive recreation. Common Green shall primarily be urban landscaped with many places to sit on benches or low walls. Appropriate civic elements, café tables, water features, arbors, amphitheater space or open shelters may be included. No more than 25,000 sf of building area is permitted.

Typical Characteristics

General Character

Large, open space

Spatially defined by landscaping and building frontages

Paths, trails, open shelters, lawns, trees and shrubs

Location and Size

Location and size shall be as shown on the Regulating Plan (Appendix A).

Typical Uses

Passive, and unstructured active recreation

Casual seating/picnicking



Wilson District Planned Development Code

10.3 Multi-Use Trail Standards







The multi-use trail provides an important place for active recreation and creates a connection to regional paths and biking trails. The multi-use trail will help activate connections between uses throughout the Wilson District with other trails that branch off to adjacent neighborhoods. The multi-use trail may have different character as it passes along the outer streets and connects internally with streets.

Typical Characteristics

General Character

Public Multi-Use Trail:

Hardscape Path

Formally disposed furniture, landscaping and

Trail markers shall be designed and located along the trail to readily locate a person in need of emergency services. A map of these marker locations shall also be designed.

| Typical Characteristics |
|-------------------------------------|
| General Character |
| Public Multi-Use Trail: |
| Hardscape Path |
| Formally disposed pedestrian |
| furniture, landscaping and lighting |
| Trees lining trail for shade |
| Appropriately lit for safety |
| Standards |
| Min. Pavement Per City Park |
| Width: Plan |
| Requirements |
| Location shown on the Regulating |
| Plan (Appendix A). |
| Typical Uses |
| Typical eses |

Casual seating



Wilson District Planned Development Code

10.4 Ancillary Structures







Ancillary structures should be formal in character and generally are related to but clearly subordinate to surrounding buildings. Each individual structure should keep in character with the style of nearby buildings. Typically, these structures are located at prominent locations within an appropriate civic space. Ancillary structures located in more urban zones may have minor commercial uses, such as small food or news vendors, but may also serve as civic elements for general public use with more passive activities. When located within civic open spaces such as Common Green, the maximum percentage of space they occupy shall be no greater than 8% of the open space coverage. With the exception of covered stage pavilions, no single structure shall be greater than 1,500 SF in size.

Any structure shall meet minimum requirements set forth in the International Building and Fire Codes including locally adopted amendments.

| Typical Characteristics |
|----------------------------------|
| General Character |
| Formal character |
| Relating to style of surrounding |
| buildings |
| One or more open sides |
| Covered or providing shade |
| Small, stand alone structure |
| Located within Common Green |
| Standards |
| Min. Size N/A |
| Max. Size N/A |

Typical Uses

| Civic purposes |
|---------------------------|
| Minor commercial uses |
| Casual seating/picnicking |



Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

Please see following page attached.





Wilson District Planned Development Code

Appendix B

Planting List

The following lists contain all species approved for use in the Wilson District specifically as streetscape trees. It contains native and acceptable adapted species. Other species that are drought tolerant and adaptive may be used for planting within the Wilson District. The use of alternative species may be permitted with the approval of the Director of Planning or designee.

STREET TREE LIST

Common NameBotanical NameLive Oak "Skyclimber"Quercus virginiana "Skyclimber"Live Oak "Cathedral"Quercus virginiana "Cathedral"Pond CypressTaxodium ascendensTexas Red OakQuercus buckleyiBald CypressTaxodium distichum

(Allee) Lacebark ElmUlmus parvifoliaCaddo MapleAcer saccharum 'Caddo'Chinquapin OakQuercus muhlenbergiiChinese PistachePistacia chinensisAutumn Blaze MapleAcer x freemanii

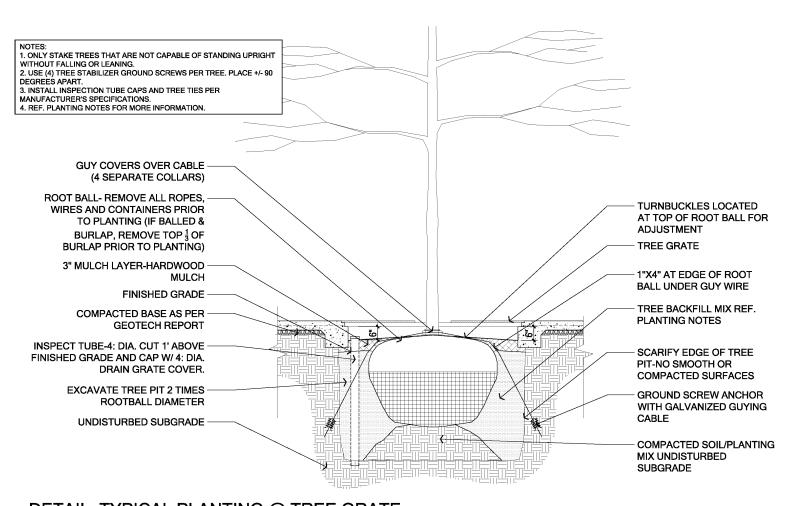


Wilson District Planned Development Code

January 30, 2017

Appendix C

Root Barrier Design



DETAIL: TYPICAL PLANTING @ TREE GRATE

SCALE: 1/2"= 1'-0'



